

Product datasheet for AP20193PU-M

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com

CN: techsupport@origene.cn

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

BAD Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Applications: IHC, WB

Recommended Dilution: Western blot: 1/500-1/1000.

Immunohistochemistry on paraffin sections: 1/50-1/200.

Reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat

Host: Rabbit

Clonality: Polyclonal

Specificity: This antibody antibody detects endogenous levels of BAD protein.

Formulation: Phosphate buffered saline (PBS), pH~7.2 containing 0.05% Sodium Azide as preservative.

State: Aff - Purified

State: Liquid purified Ig fraction (> 95% pure by SDS-PAGE).

Concentration: 1.0 mg/ml

Purification: Affinity Chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Storage: Store the antibody undiluted at 2-8°C for one month or (in aliquots) at -20°C for longer.

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Stability: Shelf life: one year from despatch.

Predicted Protein Size: ~ 24 kDa

Gene Name: BCL2 associated agonist of cell death

Database Link: Entrez Gene 12015 MouseEntrez Gene 64639 RatEntrez Gene 572 Human

Q92934



Background:

Bad is a member of the Bcl2 family and acts to promote apoptosis by forming heterodimers with the survival proteins Bcl2 and BclxL, thus preventing them from binding with BAX. Bad is found on the outer mitochondrial membrane and, once phosphorylated in response to growth stimuli, translocates to the cytoplasm. The phosphorylation status of Bad represents a key checkpoint for death or cell survival. JNK-induced phosphorylation of BAD serine 128 promotes the apoptotic role of Bad by opposing the inhibitory effect of growth factor on Badmediated apoptosis. Cdc2-induced phosphorylation of Bad serine 128 has an inhibitory effect on its interaction with 14-3-3 proteins. The latter interaction is critical for Bad phosphorylation at serine 155, a site within the BH3 domain that leads to the release of BclxL and the promotion of cell survival. Alternative splicing of this gene results in two transcript variants which encode the same isoform.

Synonyms: BAD, BBC6, BCL2L8, Bcl-2-like protein 8, Bcl2-L-8

Protein Families: Druggable Genome

Protein Pathways: Acute myeloid leukemia, Alzheimer's disease, Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS), Apoptosis,

Chronic myeloid leukemia, Colorectal cancer, Endometrial cancer, ErbB signaling pathway, Focal adhesion, Insulin signaling pathway, Melanoma, Neurotrophin signaling pathway, Nonsmall cell lung cancer, Pancreatic cancer, Pathways in cancer, Prostate cancer, VEGF signaling

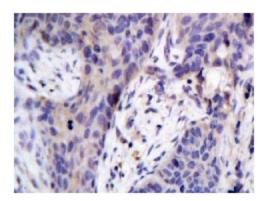
pathway

Product images:



Western blot (WB) analysis of BAD antibody (Cat.-No.: [AP20193PU-N]) in extracts from 293 cells treated with Forskolin.





Immunohistochemistry Analysis: [AP20193PU-N] BAD antibody staining of Paraffin-Embedded Human breast carcinoma tissue.