

Product datasheet for **AP15276PU-N**

DUSP13 (N-term) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Applications:	IHC, WB
Recommended Dilution:	ELISA: 1/1,000. Western blotting: 1/100 - 1/500. Immunohistochemistry: 1/50 - 1/100.
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
Isotype:	Ig
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Immunogen:	This antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide selected from the N-terminal region of human DUSP13-M1 protein.
Specificity:	This antibody reacts to DUSP13-M1.
Formulation:	PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide State: Purified State: Liquid purified Ig
Concentration:	lot specific
Purification:	Prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store the antibody undiluted at 2-8°C for one month or (in aliquots) at -20°C for longer. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Stability:	Shelf life: one year from despatch.
Gene Name:	dual specificity phosphatase 13
Database Link:	Entrez Gene 51207 Human Q6B8I1



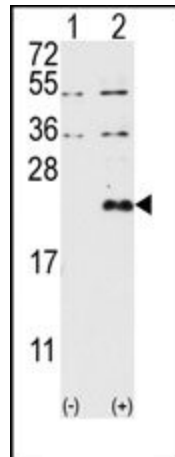
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Background:

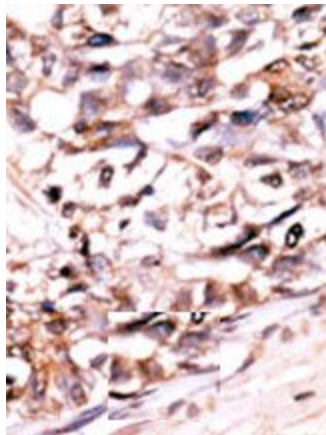
Dual-specificity phosphatases, a subfamily of protein-tyrosine phosphatases, play important roles in signal transduction, cell cycle progression, and tumor suppression. The cDNA encoding a novel phosphatase, PIR1, phosphatase that interacts with RNA/RNP complex 1. Sequence analysis revealed that the predicted 329-amino acid protein has homology to several dual-specificity phosphatases and contains 2 stretches of arginine-rich sequence similar to those found in some RNA-binding proteins. In vitro, recombinant protein displays protein-tyrosine phosphatase activity and binds directly to RNA.

Synonyms:

Dual specificity phosphatase SKRP4, TMDP

Product images:


Western blot analysis of DUSP13 (arrow) using DUSP13-M1 Antibody (N-term). 293 cell lysates (2 ug/lane) either nontransfected (Lane 1) or transiently transfected with the DUSP13 gene (Lane 2) (Origene Technologies).



Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human cancer tissue reacted with the primary antibody, which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by AEC staining