

Product datasheet for AP15243PU-N

OriGene Technologies, Inc.9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200

Rockville, MD 20850, US
Phone: +1-888-267-4436
https://www.origene.com
techsupport@origene.com
EU: info-de@origene.com
CN: techsupport@origene.cn

PP1C gamma (PPP1CC) (N-term) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Applications: WB

Recommended Dilution: ELISA: 1/1,000.

Western blotting: 1/100 - 1/500.

Flow cytometry.

Reactivity: Human, Mouse

Host: Rabbit

Isotype: lg

Clonality: Polyclonal

Immunogen: This antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide

selected from the N-terminal region of human PPP1CC.

Specificity: This antibody reacts to PPP1CC.

Formulation: PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide

State: Purified

State: Liquid purified Ig

Concentration: lot specific

Purification: Protein G column, eluted with high and low pH buffers and neutralized immediately, followed

by dialysis against PBS

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Storage: Store the antibody undiluted at 2-8°C for one month or (in aliquots) at -20°C for longer.

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Stability: Shelf life: one year from despatch.

Gene Name: protein phosphatase 1 catalytic subunit gamma

Database Link: Entrez Gene 5501 Human

P36873





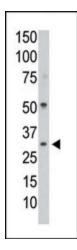
Background:

Protein phosphatase-1 (PP1) is 1 of 4 major serine/threonine-specific protein phosphatases involved in the dephosphorylation of a variety of proteins. These enzymes work in opposition to the protein kinases to control the level of phosphorylation. Protein phosphatase (PP1) is essential for cell division, and it participates in the regulation of glycogen metabolism, muscle contractility and protein synthesis, as well as in regulation of ionic conductances and long-term synaptic plasticity. PP1 has 3 catalytic subunits, designated alpha (PPP1CA), beta (PPP1CB), and gamma (PPP1CC).

Synonyms:

PP-1G, PPP1G, PP1gamma

Product images:



The anti-PPP1CC Pab is used in Western blot to detect PPP1CC in mouse colon tissue lysate.