

# Product datasheet for AP15111PU-N

# **PFKP (C-term) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**

## **Product data:**

#### OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

| Product Type:         | Primary Antibodies   |
|-----------------------|--|
| Applications:         | IHC, WB  |
| Recommended Dilution: | ELISA: 1/1,000.<br>Western blotting: 1/100 - 1/500.<br>Immunohistochemistry: 1/50 - 1/100.   |
| Reactivity:           | Human  |
| Host:                 | Rabbit   |
| lsotype:              | lg   |
| Clonality:            | Polyclonal   |
| Immunogen:            | This antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide selected from the C-terminal region of human PFKP. |
| Specificity:          | This antibody reacts to PFKP.  |
| Formulation:          | PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide<br>State: Purified<br>State: Liquid purified Ig  |
| Concentration:        | lot specific   |
| Purification:         | Protein G column, eluted with high and low pH buffers and neutralized immediately, followed<br>by dialysis against PBS                       |
| Conjugation:          | Unconjugated   |
| Storage:              | Store the antibody undiluted at 2-8°C for one month or (in aliquots) at -20°C for longer.<br>Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.            |
| Stability:            | Shelf life: one year from despatch.  |
| Gene Name:            | phosphofructokinase, platelet  |
| Database Link:        | <u>Entrez Gene 5214 Human</u><br><u>Q01813</u>   |



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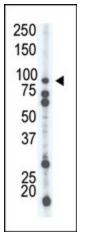
### **GRIGENE** PFKP (C-term) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody – AP15111PU-N

Background:Protein kinases are enzymes that transfer a phosphate group from a phosphate donor,<br/>generally the g phosphate of ATP, onto an acceptor amino acid in a substrate protein. By this<br/>basic mechanism, protein kinases mediate most of the signal transduction in eukaryotic cells,<br/>regulating cellular metabolism, transcription, cell cycle progression, cytoskeletal<br/>rearrangement and cell movement, apoptosis, and differentiation. With more than 500 gene<br/>products, the protein kinase family is one of the largest families of proteins in eukaryotes.<br/>The family has been classified in 8 major groups based on sequence comparison of their<br/>tyrosine (PTK) or serine/threonine (STK) kinase catalytic domains. The AGC kinase group<br/>consists of 63 kinases including the cyclic nucleotide-regulated protein kinase (PKA & PKG)<br/>family, the diacylglycerol-activated/phospholipid-dependent protein kinase C (PKC) family, the<br/>related to PKA and PKC (RAC/Akt) protein kinase family, the kinases that phosphorylate G<br/>protein-coupled receptors family (ARK), and the kinases that phosphorylate ribosomal protein<br/>S6 family (RSK).

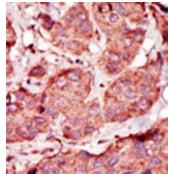
Synonyms:

6-phosphofructokinase type C, PFK-C, PFK platelet type, Phosphofructokinase 1, PFKF

### **Product images:**



The anti-PFKP Pab is used in Western blot to detect PFKP in Ramos cell lysate



Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human cancer tissue reacted with the primary antibody, which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by AEC staining.

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