

Product datasheet for **AP14180PU-N**

MOK protein kinase (MOK) (C-term) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

| | |
|-----------------------|---|
| Product Type: | Primary Antibodies |
| Applications: | IHC, WB |
| Recommended Dilution: | ELISA: 1/1,000. Western blotting: 1/100 - 1/500. Immunohistochemistry: 1/50 - 1/100. |
| Reactivity: | Human |
| Host: | Rabbit |
| Isotype: | Ig |
| Clonality: | Polyclonal |
| Immunogen: | This antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide selected from the C-terminal region of human MOK. |
| Specificity: | This antibody reacts to MOK. |
| Formulation: | PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide State: Purified State: Liquid purified Ig |
| Concentration: | lot specific |
| Purification: | Protein G column, eluted with high and low pH buffers and neutralized immediately, followed by dialysis against PBS |
| Conjugation: | Unconjugated |
| Storage: | Store the antibody undiluted at 2-8°C for one month or (in aliquots) at -20°C for longer. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing. |
| Stability: | Shelf life: one year from despatch. |
| Gene Name: | MOK protein kinase |
| Database Link: | Entrez Gene 5891 Human Q9UQ07 |



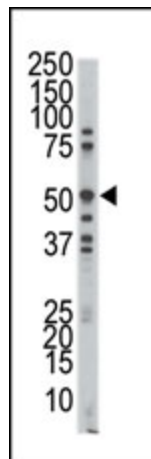
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Background:

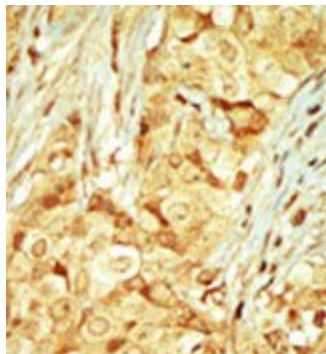
Protein kinases are enzymes that transfer a phosphate group from a phosphate donor, generally the γ phosphate of ATP, onto an acceptor amino acid in a substrate protein. By this basic mechanism, protein kinases mediate most of the signal transduction in eukaryotic cells, regulating cellular metabolism, transcription, cell cycle progression, cytoskeletal rearrangement and cell movement, apoptosis, and differentiation. With more than 500 gene products, the protein kinase family is one of the largest families of proteins in eukaryotes. The family has been classified in 8 major groups based on sequence comparison of their tyrosine (PTK) or serine/threonine (STK) kinase catalytic domains. The STE group (homologs of yeast Sterile 7, 11, 20 kinases) consists of 50 kinases related to the mitogen-activated protein kinase (MAPK) cascade families (Ste7/MAP2K, Ste11/MAP3K, and Ste20/MAP4K). MAP kinase cascades, consisting of a MAPK and one or more upstream regulatory kinases (MAPKKs) have been best characterized in the yeast pheromone response pathway. Pheromones bind to Ste cell surface receptors and activate yeast MAPK pathway.

Synonyms:

MOK, RAGE1, MOK protein kinase, Renal tumor antigen 1, RAGE-1

Product images:

Western blot analysis of anti-MOK Pab in A375 cell lysate. MOK (arrow) was detected using purified Pab. Secondary HRP-anti-rabbit was used for signal visualization with chemiluminescence.



Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human cancer tissue reacted with the primary antibody, which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining.