

## Product datasheet for **AP13633PU-N**

### **ketoheokinase (KHK) (N-term) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**

#### **Product data:**

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Applications:	WB
Recommended Dilution:	ELISA: 1/1,000. Western blotting: 1/100 - 1/500.
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse
Host:	Rabbit
Isotype:	Ig
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Immunogen:	This antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide selected from the N-terminal region of human KHK.
Specificity:	This antibody reacts to Ketoheokinase (KHK).
Formulation:	PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide State: Purified State: Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in . This antibody is purified through a
Concentration:	lot specific
Purification:	Protein G column, eluted with high and low pH buffers and neutralized immediately, followed by dialysis against PBS
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store the antibody undiluted at 2-8°C for one month or (in aliquots) at -20°C for longer. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Stability:	Shelf life: one year from despatch.
Gene Name:	ketoheokinase
Database Link:	<a href="#">Entrez Gene 3795 Human P50053</a>



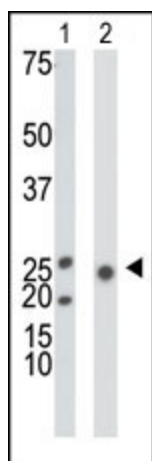
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**Background:**

Ketohexokinase (KHK), or fructokinase, catalyzes conversion of fructose to fructose-1-phosphate. Splice variant 1 is the highly active form found in liver, renal cortex, and small intestine, while splice variant 2 is the lower activity form found in most other tissues. KHK, like glucokinase (GCK) and glucokinase regulator (GCKR), is present in both liver and pancreatic islets. The inhibition of GCK by GCKR is blocked by binding of fructose-1-phosphate to GCKR. The chromosomal proximity of the metabolically connected GCKR and KHK genes has a genetic linkage in type 2 diabetes. Fructosuria, or hepatic fructokinase deficiency, is a benign, asymptomatic defect of intermediary metabolism associated with heterozygosity for G50R and A43T mutations in KHK.

**Synonyms:**

KHK, Ketohexokinase, EC=2.7.1.3, Hepatic fructokinase

**Product images:**


The anti-KHK Pab is used in Western blot to detect KHK in mouse liver tissue lysate (Lane 1) and 293 cell lysate (Lane 2).