

## Product datasheet for **AP13605PU-N**

### **PRKAR2B (N-term) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**

#### **Product data:**

<b>Product Type:</b>	Primary Antibodies
<b>Applications:</b>	WB
<b>Recommended Dilution:</b>	ELISA: 1/1,000. Western blotting: 1/100- 1/500. Flow cytometry.
<b>Reactivity:</b>	Human, Mouse
<b>Host:</b>	Rabbit
<b>Isotype:</b>	Ig
<b>Clonality:</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Immunogen:</b>	This antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide selected from the N-terminal region of human PRKAR2B.
<b>Specificity:</b>	This antibody reacts to PKA 2 beta (PRKAR2B).
<b>Formulation:</b>	PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide State: Purified State: Liquid purified Ig
<b>Concentration:</b>	lot specific
<b>Purification:</b>	Protein G column, eluted with high and low pH buffers and neutralized immediately, followed by dialysis against PBS
<b>Conjugation:</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Storage:</b>	Store the antibody undiluted at 2-8°C for one month or (in aliquots) at -20°C for longer. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
<b>Stability:</b>	Shelf life: one year from despatch.
<b>Gene Name:</b>	protein kinase cAMP-dependent type II regulatory subunit beta
<b>Database Link:</b>	<a href="#">Entrez Gene 5577 Human P31323</a>



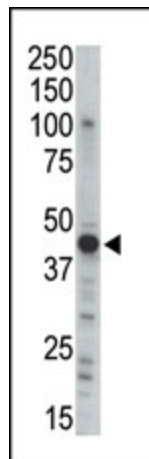
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**Background:**

cAMP is a signaling molecule important for a variety of cellular functions. cAMP exerts its effects by activating the cAMP-dependent protein kinase, which transduces the signal through phosphorylation of different target proteins. The inactive kinase holoenzyme is a tetramer composed of two regulatory and two catalytic subunits. cAMP causes the dissociation of the inactive holoenzyme into a dimer of regulatory subunits bound to four cAMP and two free monomeric catalytic subunits. Four different regulatory subunits and three catalytic subunits have been identified in humans. The protein encoded by this gene is one of the regulatory subunits. This subunit can be phosphorylated by the activated catalytic subunit. This subunit has been shown to interact with and suppress the transcriptional activity of the cAMP responsive element binding protein 1 (CREB1) in activated T cells. Knockout studies in mice suggest that this subunit may play an important role in regulating energy balance and adiposity. The studies also suggest that this subunit may mediate the gene induction and cataleptic behavior induced by haloperidol.

**Synonyms:**

PRKAR2

**Product images:**

Western blot analysis of anti-PRKAR2B Pab in mouse brain tissue lysate. PRKAR2B (arrow) was detected using purified Pab. Secondary HRP-anti-rabbit was used for signal visualization with chemiluminescence.