

Product datasheet for **AP12709PU-N**

SMAD3 pSer208 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Applications:	IHC, WB
Recommended Dilution:	ELISA: 1/1,000. Western Blot: 1/100-1/500. Immunohistochemistry: 1/50-1/100.
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
Isotype:	Ig
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Immunogen:	This antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic phosphopeptide corresponding to amino acid residues surrounding S208 of human SMAD3.
Specificity:	This antibody detects SMAD3 pSer208. Predicted to cross react with Mouse (100% Antigen Homology).
Formulation:	PBS with 0.09% (W/V) Sodium Azide as preservative. State: Aff - Purified State: Liquid purified Ig fraction.
Concentration:	lot specific
Purification:	Protein G Affinity Chromatography. Then, the antibody fraction is peptide affinity purified in a 2-step procedure with control and phosphorylated peptides. The phospho-specific antibody is eluted with high and low pH buffers and neutralized immediately, followed by dialysis against PBS.
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store the antibody undiluted at 2-8°C for one month or (in aliquots) at -20°C for longer. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Stability:	Shelf life: one year from despatch.
Gene Name:	SMAD family member 3
Database Link:	Entrez Gene 4088 Human P84022



[View online »](#)

Background:

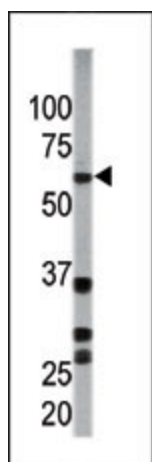
SMAD3, a receptor regulated SMAD (R-SMAD) is a transcriptional modulator activated by TGF-beta (transforming growth factor) and activin type 1 receptor kinase. SMAD3 is estimated to account for at least 80% of all TGF-beta-mediated response. Activated type I receptor phosphorylates receptor-activated SMADS (RSMADS) at their c-terminal two extreme serines in the SSXS motif. The phosphorylated R-SMAD translocate into nucleus, where they regulate transcription of target genes. SMAD3 signal transduction appears to be important in the regulation of muscle-specific genes. Loss of SMAD3 is a feature of pediatric T-cell lymphoblastic leukemia, while upregulation of SMAD3 may be responsible for TGFB hyperresponsiveness observed in scleroderma.

Synonyms:

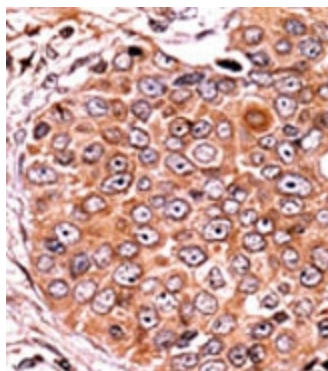
SMAD family member 3, SMAD 3, SMAD-3, Mad3, MAD-3, MADH3, MAD homolog 3, JV15-2

Note:

Molecular weight: 48081 Da

Product images:


The anti-Phospho-SMAD3 pSer208 Pab is used in Western blot to detect Phospho-SMAD3-S208 in Ramos tissue lysate



Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human cancer tissue reacted with the primary antibody, which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated.