

Product datasheet for AP12026PU-N

USP12 (C-term) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Applications: WB

Recommended Dilution: ELISA: 1/1,000.

Western Blot: 1/100-1/500.

Reactivity: Human
Host: Rabbit

Isotype: lg

Clonality: Polyclonal

Immunogen: This antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide

selected from the C-terminal region of human USP12.

Specificity: This antibody is specific to USP12 (C-term).

Predicted to cross react with Mouse (100% Antigen Homology).

Formulation: PBS with 0.09% (W/V) Sodium Azide as preservative.

State: Purified

State: Liquid purified Ig fraction.

Concentration: lot specific

Purification: Protein G Chromatography, eluted with high and low pH buffers and neutralized

immediately, followed by dialysis against PBS.

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Storage: Store the antibody undiluted at 2-8°C for one month or (in aliquots) at -20°C for longer.

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Stability: Shelf life: one year from despatch.

Gene Name: ubiquitin specific peptidase 12

Database Link: Entrez Gene 219333 Human

<u>075317</u>



OriGene Technologies, Inc. 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200

CN: techsupport@origene.cn

Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com



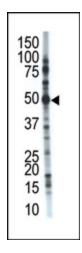
Background:

Modification of target proteins by ubiquitin participates in a wide array of biological functions. Proteins destined for degradation or processing via the 26 S proteasome are coupled to multiple copies of ubiquitin. However, attachment of ubiquitin or ubiquitin-related molecules may also result in changes in subcellular distribution or modification of protein activity. An additional level of ubiquitin regulation, deubiquitination, is catalyzed by proteases called deubiquitinating enzymes, which fall into four distinct families. Ubiquitin C-terminal hydrolases, ubiquitin-specific processing proteases (USPs),1 OTU-domain ubiquitin-aldehydebinding proteins, and Jab1/Pad1/MPN-domain-containing metallo-enzymes. Among these four families, USPs represent the most widespread and represented deubiquitinating enzymes across evolution. USPs tend to release ubiquitin from a conjugated protein. They display similar catalytic domains containing conserved Cys and His boxes but divergent N-terminal and occasionally C-terminal extensions, which are thought to function in substrate recognition, subcellular localization, and protein-protein interactions.

Synonyms: Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase 12, UBH1, USP12L1

Note: Predicted Molecular weight: 41201 Da

Product images:



Western blot analysis of anti-USP12 Pab to detect USP12 in A375 cell lysate.