

Product datasheet for **AP12017PU-N**

USP8 (N-term) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Applications:	WB
Recommended Dilution:	ELISA: 1/1,000. Western Blot: 1/100-1/500.
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
Isotype:	Ig
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Immunogen:	This antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide selected from the N-terminal region of human USP8.
Specificity:	This antibody is specific to USP8/UBPY (N-term). Predicted to cross react with Mouse (100% Antigen Homology).
Formulation:	PBS with 0.09% (W/V) Sodium Azide as preservative. State: Purified State: Liquid purified Ig fraction.
Concentration:	lot specific
Purification:	Protein G Chromatography, eluted with high and low pH buffers and neutralized immediately, followed by dialysis against PBS.
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store the antibody undiluted at 2-8°C for one month or (in aliquots) at -20°C for longer. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Stability:	Shelf life: one year from despatch.
Gene Name:	ubiquitin specific peptidase 8
Database Link:	Entrez Gene 9101 Human P40818



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Background:

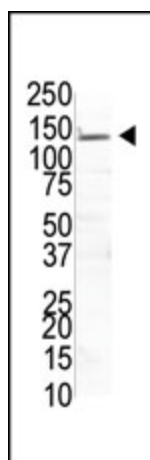
USP8 is a ubiquitin specific protease that plays an important regulatory role at the level of protein turnover by preventing degradation. USP8 is involved in cell proliferation, and probably regulates the stability of STAM2 and RASGRF1. USP8 may regulate T-cell anergy mediated by RNF128 via the formation of a complex containing RNF128 and STAM2. As revealed by structure/function studies, USP8 forms a ternary complex with RNF128 and OTUB1, and interacts with the SH3 domain of STAM2 and RASGRF1. Expression of USP8 is induced upon growth stimulation in starved human fibroblasts, and expression decreases in response to growth arrest induced by cell-cell contact.

Synonyms:

Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase 8, KIAA0055

Note:

Predicted Molecular weight: 127523 Da

Product images:

Western blot analysis using anti-USP8 (N-term) Pab to detect USP8 in transfected 293T cells. Data is kindly provided by Lily Yen from University of California Davis (Davis, CA).