

# Product datasheet for AP12006PU-N

# USP3 (N-term) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

## **Product data:**

#### OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Applications:	IHC, WB
Recommended Dilution:	ELISA: 1/1,000. Western Blot: 1/100-1/500. Immunohistochemistry: 1/50-1/100.
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
lsotype:	lg
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Immunogen:	This antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide selected from the N-terminal region of human USP3.
Specificity:	This antibody is specific to USP3 (N-term).
Formulation:	PBS with 0.09% (W/V) Sodium Azide as preservative. State: Purified State: Liquid purified Ig fraction.
Concentration:	lot specific
Purification:	Protein G Chromatography, eluted with high and low pH buffers and neutralized immediately, followed by dialysis against PBS.
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store the antibody undiluted at 2-8°C for one month or (in aliquots) at -20°C for longer. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Stability:	Shelf life: one year from despatch.
Gene Name:	ubiquitin specific peptidase 3
Database Link:	<u>Entrez Gene 9960 Human</u> <u>Q9Y6l4</u>



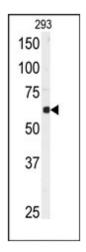
This product is to be used for laboratory only. Not for diagnostic or therapeutic use. ©2022 OriGene Technologies, Inc., 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200, Rockville, MD 20850, US

### **GRIGENE** USP3 (N-term) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody – AP12006PU-N

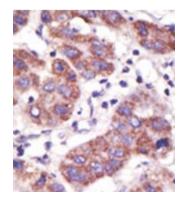
Background:Modification of target proteins by ubiquitin participates in a wide array of biological<br/>functions. Proteins destined for degradation or processing via the 26 S proteasome are<br/>coupled to multiple copies of ubiquitin. However, attachment of ubiquitin or ubiquitin-related<br/>molecules may also result in changes in subcellular distribution or modification of protein<br/>activity. An additional level of ubiquitin regulation, deubiquitination, is catalyzed by proteases<br/>called deubiquitinating enzymes, which fall into four distinct families. Ubiquitin C-terminal<br/>hydrolases, ubiquitin-specific processing proteases (USPs),1 OTU-domain ubiquitin-aldehyde-<br/>binding proteins, and Jab1/Pad1/MPN-domain-containing metallo-enzymes. Among these<br/>four families, USPs represent the most widespread and represented deubiquitinating<br/>enzymes across evolution. USPs tend to release ubiquitin from a conjugated protein. They<br/>display similar catalytic domains containing conserved Cys and His boxes but divergent N-<br/>terminal and occasionally C-terminal extensions, which are thought to function in substrate<br/>recognition, subcellular localization, and protein-protein interactions.

Synonyms:Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase 3Note:Predicted Molecular weight: 59097 Da

## **Product images:**



Western blot analysis of anti-USP3 Antibody (Nterm) in 293 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). USP3 (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.



Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human cancer tissue reacted with the primary antibody, which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

This product is to be used for laboratory only. Not for diagnostic or therapeutic use. ©2022 OriGene Technologies, Inc., 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200, Rockville, MD 20850, US