

## Product datasheet for **AP09760PU-N**

### Methamphetamine (p-NH<sub>2</sub>) Sheep Polyclonal Antibody

#### Product data:

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Applications:	ELISA
Recommended Dilution:	ELISA: 9µg/ml.
Host:	Sheep
Isotype:	IgG
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Immunogen:	Methamphetamine (p-NH <sub>2</sub> )-BSA
Specificity:	This antibody reacts to Methamphetamine (p-NH <sub>2</sub> ).
Formulation:	20mM Phosphate, 150mM Sodium Chloride, pH 7.2 containing 0.09% Sodium Azide as preservative State: Ig Fraction State: Liquid Ig fraction prepared by Caprylic Acid and Ammonium Sulphate precipitation procedures
Concentration:	lot specific
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store the antibody at -20°C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Stability:	Shelf life: one year from despatch.
Background:	Methamphetamine (METH) is closely related chemically to amphetamine (AMPH). METH is a potent central nervous system stimulant with additional peripheral sympathomimetic effects. METH and AMPH have been used clinically in the treatment of obesity, minimal brain dysfunction, narcolepsy, depression and to counter fatigue. They are also subjected to widespread abuse. METH is an indirect agonists. It causes the release of newly synthesized norepinephrine and dopamine and it blocks the re uptake of these transmitters from the synapse. This can lead to an increase in the concentration of catecholamines in the synapse as well as an overall increase in catecholaminergic activity in the brain. The mechanism of METH induced neurotoxicity for all monoaminergic cell types may lie primarily with the dopaminergic system in the striatum. It may also lie with the interaction between METH induced release of dopamine and its ability to inhibit monoamine oxidase.



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Synonyms:                    METH