

# Product datasheet for AP09461PU-N

# MEF2A pThr319 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

## **Product data:**

#### OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Applications:	IF
Recommended Dilution:	Immunofluorescence: 1/100~1/200.
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Immunogen:	The antiserum was produced against synthesized phosphopeptide derived from Human MEF2A around the phosphorylation site of Thr319 (V-T-T <i>P</i> -P-S).
Specificity:	This antibody detects endogenous levels of MEF2A only when phosphorylated at Thr319.
Formulation:	Phosphate buffered saline (without Mg2+ and Ca2+), pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl, 0.02% Sodium Azide and 50% glycerol. State: Aff - Purified State: Liquid purified Ig fraction.
Concentration:	lot specific
Purification:	Affinity Chromatography using epitope-specific phosphopeptide. The antibody against non- phosphopeptide was removed by chromatography using non-phosphopeptide corresponding to the phosphorylation site.
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store the antibody (in aliquots) at -20°C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Stability:	Shelf life: One year from despatch.
Gene Name:	myocyte enhancer factor 2A
Database Link:	<u>Entrez Gene 4205 Human</u> <u>Q02078</u>



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#### **GRIGENE** MEF2A pThr319 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody – AP09461PU-N

Background:The myocyte enhancer factor-2 (MEF-2) family of transcription factors associated with co-<br/>repessors or co-activators to regulate development and function of T cells, neuronal cells and<br/>muscle cells. Four family members arise from alternatively spliced transcripts, termed MEF-<br/>2A, -2B, -2C and -2D. These members bind as homo- and heterodimers to the MEF-2 site in<br/>the promoter region of affected genes. Differential regulation in the expression of the four<br/>transcripts implies functional distinction for each during embryogenesis and development.<br/>The process of differentiation from mesodermal precursor cells to myoblasts has led to the<br/>discovery of a variety of tissue-specific factors that regulate muscle gene expression. The<br/>myogenic basic helix-loop-helix proteins, including MyoD, myogenin, Myf-5 and MRF-4, are<br/>one class of identified factors. A second family of DNA binding regulatory proteins is the<br/>myocyte-specific enhancer factor-2 (MEF-2) family. Each of these proteins binds to the MEF-2<br/>target DNA sequence present in the regulatory regions of many muscle-specific genes.

Synonyms:

MEF2, Myocyte-specific enhancer factor 2A

### **Product images:**

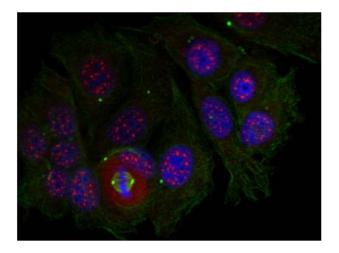


Figure 1. Immunofluorescence staining of methanol-fixed HeLa cells using MEF2A (Phospho-Thr319) antibody (Red).

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