

Product datasheet for AP09426PU-S

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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GFP (Ads. to Hu, Ms, Rt Serum Proteins) Chicken Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Applications: ELISA, IF, WB

Recommended Dilution: ELISA: 1/11,000 - 1/12,000.

Western Blot: 1/300 - 1/350.

Reactivity: A. victoria

Host: Chicken

Isotype: lgY

Clonality: Polyclonal

Immunogen: Green Fluorescent Protein (GFP) fusion protein corresponding to the full length amino acid

sequence (246aa) derived from the jellyfish Aequorea victoria

Specificity: This antibody reacts to Green Fluorescent Protein (GFP).

Formulation: 0.02 M Potassium Phosphate, 0.15 M Sodium Chloride, pH 7.2 containing 0.01% (w/v) Sodium

Azide

State: Aff - Purified State: Liquid purified Ig

Concentration: lot specific

Purification: Affinity chromatography

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Storage: Store the antibody at -20°C.

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing. Shelf life: one year from despatch.

Storage Conditions for Trial Size:

This vial contains a relatively low volume of reagent (25 μ l). To minimize loss of volume dilute 1:10 by adding 225 μ l of the buffer stated above directly to the vial. Recap, mix thoroughly and briefly centrifuge to collect the volume at the bottom of the vial. Use this intermediate

dilution when calculating final dilutions as recommended below.

Stability: Shelf life: 3 month from despatch.

Database Link: P42212





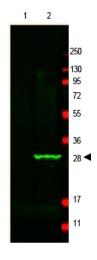
Background:

Green fluorescence protein (GFP) is a 27 kDa protein derived from the jellyfish Aequorea victoria, which emits green light (emission peak at a wavelenth of 509 nm) when excited by blue light (excitation peak at a wavelenth of 395 nm). Green Fluorescent Protein (GFP) has become an invaluable tool in cell biology research, since its intrinsic fluorescence can be visualized in living cells. GFP fluorescence is stable under fixation conditions and suitable for a variety of applications. GFP has been widely used as a reporter for gene expression, enabling researchers to visualize and localize GFP-tagged proteins within living cells without the need for chemical staining. Other applications of GFP include assessment of protein protein interactions through the yeast two hybrid system and measurement of distance between proteins through fluorescence energy transfer (FRET) protocols. GFP technnology has considerably contributed to a greater understanding of cellular physiology.

YFP differs from GFP due to a mutation at T203Y; antibodies raised against full-length GFP should also detect YFP and other variants.

Synonyms: Green fluorescent protein, GFP-Tag

Product images:



Western blot of GFP protein detected with polyclonal anti-GFP antibody. Lane 1 shows negative control staining of 20 g of mouse spleen lysate. Lane 2 shows staining of mouse spleen lysate spiked with 50 ng of wt GFP. This antibody detects a 27 kDa band cor