

## Product datasheet for AP08882PU-N

## Factor H (CFH) (577-588) Goat Polyclonal Antibody

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Primary Antibodies

**Applications:** ELISA, IHC, WB

Recommended Dilution: ELISA: 1/32000.

 $\textbf{Immunohistochemistry on Paraffin Sections: } 2.5~\mu\text{g/ml}.$ 

**Western Blot:** 0.03 - 0.1 µg/ml.

Reactivity: Human

Host: Goat Isotype: IgG

Clonality: Polyclonal

Immunogen: Synthetic peptide from an internal region of human CFH

**Specificity:** This antibody reacts to Complement Factor H (CFH) at aa 577-588.

Formulation: Tris saline buffer, pH 7.3, 0.5% BSA, 0.02% sodium azide

State: Aff - Purified State: Liquid purified Ig

**Concentration:** lot specific

**Purification:** Immunoaffinity Chromatography

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Storage: Store the antibody (in aliquots) at -20°C.

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

**Stability:** Shelf life: one year from despatch.

**Gene Name:** complement factor H

Database Link: Entrez Gene 3075 Human

P08603



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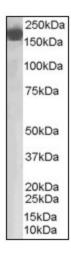
## Background:

The complement Factor H protein is secreted into the bloodstream and acts in the regulation of complement activation. Mutations leading to changes in this protein have been linked with HUS (hemolytic-uremic syndrome) and chronic hypocomplementemic nephropathy. Factor H is mainly synthesised in the liver but also in macrophages and endothelium. It is primarily aplasma glycoprotein but is also found in platelets and there is a membrane bound form on some leukocytes. Consisting of a single polypeptide, the major form of Factor H has a molecular weight of 155kDa. There are two truncated forms, a non-glycosylated 49 kDa form and a glycosylated 39-43 kDaform. Plasma concentrations are in the range 200-600mg/L for the 155 kDa form and 1-5mg/L for thetruncated forms. Factor H is a major regulatory protein of the complement system. By binding to C3b it either displacesor prevents the binding of Bb (activated Factor B). When bound to Factor H, C3b is susceptible tocleavage by Factor 1 to yield iC3b.

Factor H is released or modified following this cleavage. The regulatory role of Factor H is essential because C3bBb is not only a C5 convertase but a C3 convertaseand so has a positive feedback effect, potentially consuming the entire C3 pool if unregulated.

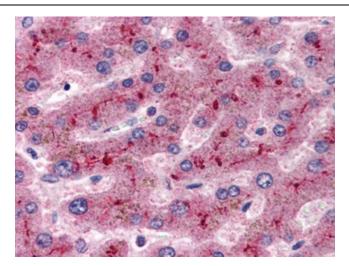
**Synonyms:** CFH, HF, HF1, HF2, H factor 1

## **Product images:**



Antibody staining (0.03 ug/ml) of human lung lysate (RIPA buffer, 35 ug total protein per lane). Primary incubated for 1 hour. Detected by western blot using chemiluminescence.





Liver: Formalin-Fixed, Paraffin-Embedded (FFPE)