

Product datasheet for AP08071PU-N

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

SMAD1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Applications: IF, WB

Recommended Dilution: Western blot: 1/500~1/1000.

Immunofluorescence: 1/100~1/200.

Reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat

Host: Rabbit

Clonality: Polyclonal

Immunogen: The antiserum was produced against synthesized non-phosphopeptide derived from Human

Smad1 around amino acids 461~465 (I-S-S-V-S).

Specificity: This antibody detects endogenous levels of total SMAD1 protein.

Formulation: PBS (without Mg2+ and Ca2+), pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl, 0.02% Sodium Azide and 50% Glycerol.

State: Aff - Purified

State: Liquid purified Ig fraction.

Concentration: lot specific

Purification: Immunoaffinity Chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Storage: Store the antibody (in aliquots) at -20°C.

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Stability: Shelf life: One year from despatch.

Gene Name: SMAD family member 1

Database Link: Entrez Gene 4086 Human

Q15797



OriGene Technologies, Inc. 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200

CN: techsupport@origene.cn

Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com



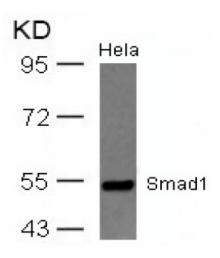
Background:

SMAD proteins are signal transducers and transcriptional modulators that mediate multiple signaling pathways. SMAD1, as a transcriptional modulator, is activated by BMP (Bone Morphogenetic Protein) type 1 receptor kinase (it is a receptor-regulated SMAD or R-SMAD). BMPs are involved in a range of biological activities including cell growth, apoptosis, morphogenesis, development and immune responses. SMAD proteins have been implicated as downstream effectors of TGF beta/BMP signaling. In response to BMP ligands, SMAD1 can be phosphorylated (other sites besides the most prominent of S206, are S187, S195, and S214). S-206 is phosphorylated by ERK in response to mitogenic growth factors, or by recombinant ERK in vitro; this can be tested by treating cells with EGF or in cancer cells where Ras is activated. The phosphorylated form of this protein forms a complex with SMAD4, which is important for its function in the transcription regulation. This protein is also a target for SMADspecific E3 ubiquitin ligases, such as SMURF1 and SMURF2, and undergoes ubiquitination and proteasome-mediated degradation.

Synonyms:

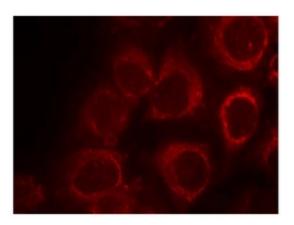
SMAD family member 1, SMAD-1, SMAD 1, MADH1, MAD homolog 1, MADR1, Mad-related protein 1, BSP1, BSP-1, JV4-1

Product images:



Western blot analysis of extracts from Hela cells using SMAD1 antibody.





Immunofluorescence staining of methanol-fixed HeLa cells using SMAD1 antibody (Red).