

Product datasheet for **AP08069PU-S**

NFKB1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Applications:	IF, WB
Recommended Dilution:	Western blot: 1/500 - 1/1000. Immunofluorescence: 1/100 - 1/200.
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Immunogen:	The antiserum was produced against synthesized non-phosphopeptide derived from human NFkB-p105/p50 around the phosphorylation site of Serine 927 (C-D-Sp-G-V).
Specificity:	This antibody detects endogenous levels of total NFkB-p105/p50 protein.
Formulation:	PBS (without Mg ²⁺ and Ca ²⁺), pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl, 0.02% Sodium Azide and 50% Glycerol. State: Aff - Purified State: Liquid purified Ig fraction
Concentration:	lot specific
Purification:	Immunoaffinity chromatography
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store the antibody (in aliquots) at -20°C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Stability:	Shelf life: One year from despatch.
Gene Name:	nuclear factor kappa B subunit 1
Database Link:	Entrez Gene 4790 Human P19838



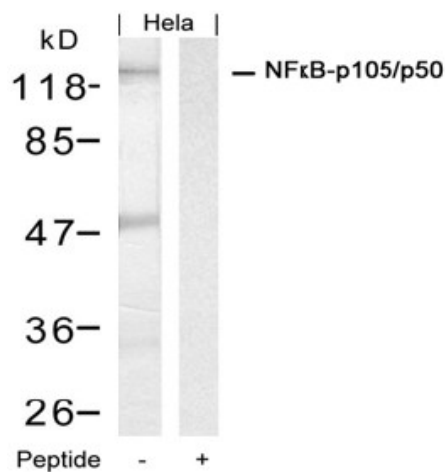
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Background:

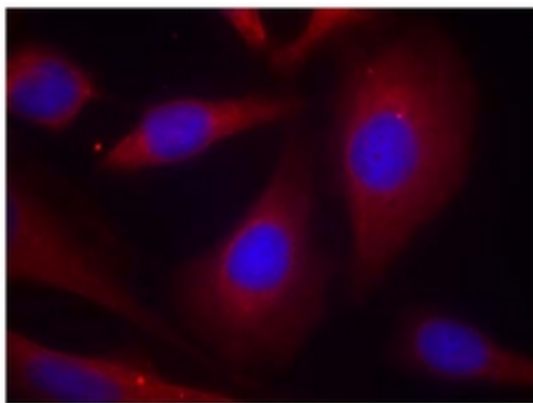
NFκB is a transcription regulator that is activated by various intra and extra cellular stimuli such as cytokines, oxidant free radicals, ultraviolet irradiation, and bacterial or viral products. NFκB is a family of transcription factors that consists of homo and heterodimers of NFκB1/p50 and RelA/p65 subunits, and controls a variety of cellular events including development and immune responses. All members share a conserved amino terminus domain that includes dimerization, nuclear localization, and DNA binding regions, and a carboxy terminal transactivation domain. Serines 529 and 536 in the transactivation domain of RelA/p65 are phosphorylated in response to several stimuli including phorbol ester, IL1 alpha and TNF alpha as mediated by IκB kinase and p38 MAPK. Serine 529 is located in a negatively charged region (amino acids 422-540) that is phosphorylated in response to phorbol myristate acetate plus calcium ionophore activation. Phosphorylation of serines 529 and 536 is critical for RelA/p65 transcriptional activity. Activated NFκB translocates into the nucleus and stimulates the expression of genes involved in a wide variety of biological functions. Inappropriate activation of NFκB has been associated with a number of inflammatory diseases while persistent inhibition of NFκB leads to inappropriate immune cell development or delayed cell growth.

Synonyms:

NFKB1, KBF1, EBP-1, EBP1, NF-kappa-B p50

Product images:

Western blot analysis of extracts from HeLa cells using NFκB-p105/p50 antibody and the same antibody preincubated with blocking peptide



Immunofluorescence staining of methanol-fixed HeLa cells using NFKB-p105/p50 antibody (Red).