

Product datasheet for **AP06533PU-N**

LAT Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Applications:	WB
Recommended Dilution:	Western blot: 1/500-1/1000.
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Immunogen:	Synthetic peptide, corresponding to amino acids 161-210 of Human LAT.
Specificity:	This antibody detects endogenous levels of LAT protein. (region surrounding Leu185)
Formulation:	Phosphate buffered saline (PBS), pH 7.2. State: Aff - Purified State: Liquid purified Ig fraction Preservative: 0.05% sodium azide
Concentration:	1.0 mg/ml
Purification:	Affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen and the purity is > 95% (by SDS-PAGE)
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store undiluted at 2-8°C for one month or (in aliquots) at -20°C for longer. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Stability:	Shelf life: one year from despatch.
Predicted Protein Size:	~ 28 kDa
Gene Name:	linker for activation of T-cells
Database Link:	<u>Entrez Gene 16797 Mouse</u> <u>Entrez Gene 81511 Rat</u> <u>Entrez Gene 27040 Human</u> <u>O43561</u>



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Background:

LAT, a transmembrane adaptor protein expressed in T, NK and mast cells, is an important mediator for T cell receptor (TCR) signaling. Upon TCR engagement, activated Zap-70 phosphorylates LAT at multiple conserved tyrosine residues within SH2 binding motifs, exposing these motifs as the docking sites for downstream signaling targets. The phosphorylation of LAT at Tyr171 and 191 enables the binding of Grb2, Gads/SLP-76, PLCgamma1 and PI3 kinase through their SH2 domain and translocates them to the membrane. This process eventually leads to activation of the corresponding signaling pathways.

Synonyms:

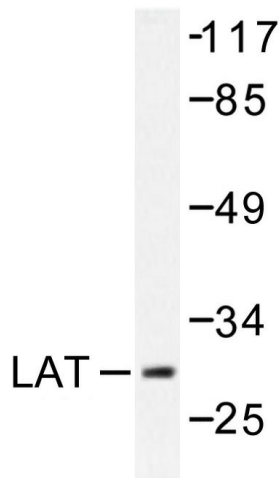
pp36, p36-38

Protein Families:

Druggable Genome, Transmembrane

Protein Pathways:

Fc epsilon RI signaling pathway, Fc gamma R-mediated phagocytosis, Natural killer cell mediated cytotoxicity, T cell receptor signaling pathway

Product images:

Western blot (WB) analysis of LAT antibody in extracts from NIH/3T3 cells treated with 293 UV 5'.