

Product datasheet for AP02555PU-S

NF-kB p65 (RELA) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Applications:	IHC, WB
Recommended Dilution:	Western Blot: 1/500~1/1000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/50~1/100.
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Immunogen:	The antiserum was produced against synthesized non-phosphopeptide derived from human NF-кВ p65 around the phosphorylation site of threonine 435 (E-G-TP-L-S).
Specificity:	NF-κB p65 antibody detects endogenous levels of total NF-κB p65 protein.
Formulation:	PBS(without Mg2+ and Ca2+), pH 7.4 containing 150 mM NaCl, 0.02% Sodium Azide and 50% Glycerol. State: Aff - Purified State: Liquid purified IgG fracion.
Concentration:	lot specific
Purification:	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store the antibody undiluted at -20°C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Stability:	Shelf life: one year from despatch.
Gene Name:	RELA proto-oncogene, NF-kB subunit
Database Link:	<u>Entrez Gene 5970 Human</u> <u>Q04206</u>



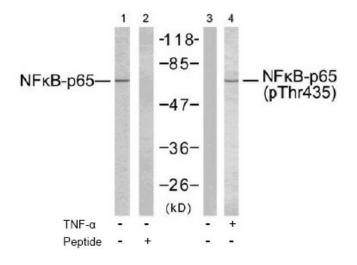
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	NF-kB p65 (RELA) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody – AP02555PU-S
Background:	NFkB (Nuclear Factor NF-kappa-B) is a pleiotropic transcription factor that plays a role in many biological processes, including inflammation, immunity, differentiation, cell growth, tumorigenesis, and apoptosis. It is found as a homo- or heterodimeric complex containing the Rel-like domain containing proteins NFkB p65 (RELA/p65), RELB, NFkB1/p105, NFkB1/p50, REL and NFkB2/p52. The heterodimeric NFkB p65/p50 complex is the most abundant one. The dimers bind to kappa-B sites at their target genes, with the affinity of the interaction dependent on the subunit composition of the dimer. Furthermore, different dimers act as transcriptional activators or repressors, with the NFkB p65/p50 and p65-c-Rel complexes acting as activators. NFkB activity is controlled by several different mechanisms, including post-translational modifications, subcellular localisation and interactions with other coactivators or corepressors. NFkB complexes are held in the cytoplasm in an inactive state by interaction with members of the NFkB inhibitor (IkB) family. Typically, phosphorylation of IkB by IkB kinases (IKKs) in response to different activators leads to degradation, which is required for termination of the NFkB response. Phosphorylation of NFkB p65 is also acetylated at K122, enhancing DNA binding and impairing the interaction with NFKBIA. The protein is deacetylated by HDAC3. Invasion of a host by a pathogen is frequently associated with the activation of NF-kB, which
	coordinates various aspects of immune function required for resistance to infection.

Synonyms:

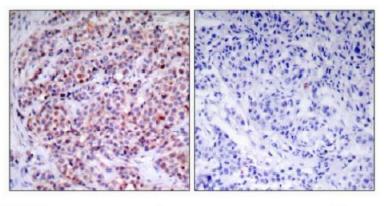
NF kappa B p65, NFkB p65, Transcription factor p65, Rel A, NFKB3

Product images:



Western blot analysis of extracts from COS7 cells using NF-kB p65 antibody (Line 1 and 2) and NFκB p65 (pThr435) antibody (Line 3 and 4).

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Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffinembedded human breast carcinoma tissue using NF-κB p65 antibody.

Peptide

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