

## Product datasheet for **AP02536PU-S**

### **IKB beta (NFKBIB) pSer23 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**

#### **Product data:**

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Applications:	IHC
Recommended Dilution:	Immunohistochemistry: 1:50~1:100.
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Immunogen:	The antiserum was produced against synthesized phosphopeptide derived from human IκB-β around the phosphorylation site of serine 23 (L-G-SP-L-G ).
Specificity:	IκB-β antibody detects endogenous levels of total IκB-β protein.
Formulation:	PBS(without Mg <sup>2+</sup> and Ca <sup>2+</sup> ), pH 7.4 containing 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol State: Aff - Purified State: Liquid purified IgG
Concentration:	lot specific
Purification:	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific phosphopeptide. The antibody against non-phosphopeptide was removed by chromatography using non-phosphopeptide corresponding to the phosphorylation site.
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store the antibody at -20°C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Stability:	Shelf life: one year from despatch.
Gene Name:	NFKB inhibitor beta
Database Link:	<a href="#">Entrez Gene 4793 Human Q15653</a>



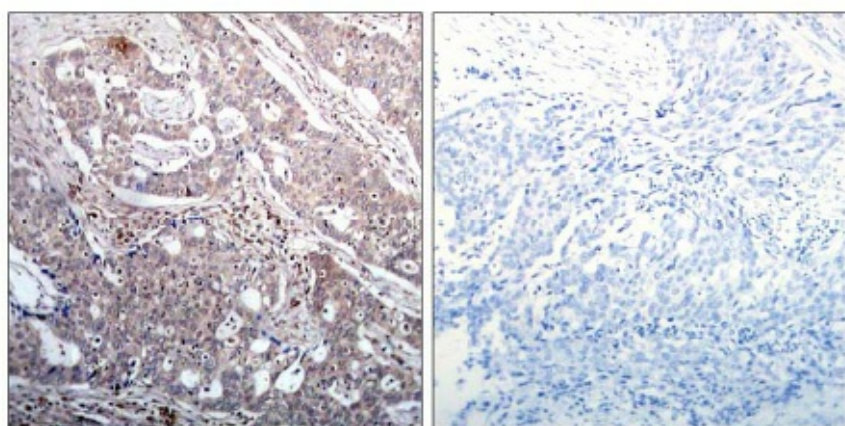
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**Background:**

Three major forms of IκB-like molecules have been identified and each is characterized by multiple copies of ankyrin repeats. IκB-α and IκB-β appear to be the major regulatory forms of IκB in most cells. These proteins interact with p65 or c-Rel containing forms of NFκB and block nuclear import by masking the nuclear localization sequences of NFκB. The activation of NFκB involves the inducible phosphorylation and subsequent degradation of IκB. Immunoblotting easily detects the hyper-phosphorylated forms of IκB-α, but not phosphorylated IκB-β. Interestingly, IκB-α and IκB-β mediate different NFκB responses. IκB-α appears to control more transient activation of NFκB in response to an inducer, while IκB-β controls a persistent response. Bcl-3 interacts with p50 and p52 containing forms of NFκB, but rather than being an inhibitor it appears to function to stimulate transcription. The degradation of IκB is confirmed by immunoblotting.

**Synonyms:**

I-kappa-B-beta, TRIP9, IκB-B, IκB-beta, IκappaBbeta, TR-interacting protein 9

**Product images:**


Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma tissue, using IκB-β antibody.