

Product datasheet for AP01478PU-N

GNGT1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Applications:

Recommended Dilution: Western Blot: 1/500-1/1000.

Reactivity: Human, Mouse

Rabbit Host:

Clonality: Polyclonal

Gα t1 antibody detects endogenous levels of Gα t1 protein. (region surrounding Met104) Specificity:

Formulation: Phosphate buffered saline (PBS) with 0.05% sodium azide, approx. pH 7.2.

State: Aff - Purified

State: Liquid purified Ig fraction

Concentration: 1,0 mg/ml

Purification: Affinity chromatography

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Store the antibody undiluted at 2-8°C for one month or (in aliquots) at -20°C for longer. Storage:

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Shelf life: one year from despatch. Stability:

Predicted Protein Size: ~ 36 kDa

Gene Name: G protein subunit gamma transducin 1

Database Link: Entrez Gene 2792 Human

P63211



OriGene Technologies, Inc. 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200

CN: techsupport@origene.cn

Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com



Background:

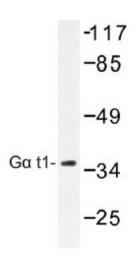
Heterotrimeric G proteins function to relay information from cell surface receptors to intracellular effectors. Each of a very broad range of receptors specifically detects an extracellular stimulus (a photon, pheromone, odorant, hormone or neurotransmitter) while the effectors (i.e. adenyl cyclase), which act to generate one or more intracellular messengers, are less numerous. In mammals, G protein α , β and γ polypeptides are encoded by at least 16, 4 and 7 genes, respectively. Most interest in G proteins has been focused on their α subunits, since these proteins bind and hydrolyze GTP and most obviously regulate the activity of the best studied effectors. Four distinct classes of $G\alpha$ subunits have been identified; these include Gs, Gi, Gq and $G\alpha$ 12/13. The Gi class comprises all the known α subunits that are susceptible to pertussis toxin modifications, including $G\alpha$ i-1, $G\alpha$ i-2, $G\alpha$ i-3, $G\alpha$ o, $G\alpha$ t1, $G\alpha$ t2, $G\alpha$ z and $G\alpha$ gust. In the well characterized visual system, photorhodopsin catalyzes the exchange of guanine nucleotides bound to the visual transducin $G\alpha$ subunits ($G\alpha$ t1 in rod cells and $G\alpha$ t2 in cone cells).

Synonyms: GNGT1, Transducin gamma chain

Protein Families: Druggable Genome

Protein Pathways: Chemokine signaling pathway

Product images:



Western blot (WB) analysis of Ga t1 antibody (Cat.-No.: AP01478PU-N) in extracts from COLO cells.