

Product datasheet for **AP01343PU-N**

MSK1 (RPS6KA5) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Applications:	ELISA, WB
Recommended Dilution:	Western Blot: 1/500-1/1000. Immunofluorescence: 1/50-1/200.
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Specificity:	This antibody detects endogenous levels of MSK1 protein. (region surrounding Lys370)
Formulation:	Phosphate buffered saline (PBS) with 0.05% Sodium Azide as preservative, approx. pH 7.2. State: Aff - Purified State: Liquid purified Ig fraction (>95% pure by SDS-PAGE).
Concentration:	1.0 mg/ml
Purification:	Affinity Chromatography using epitope-specific Immunogen.
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store the antibody undiluted at 2-8°C for one month or (in aliquots) at -20°C for longer. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Stability:	Shelf life: one year from despatch.
Predicted Protein Size:	~ 90 kDa
Gene Name:	ribosomal protein S6 kinase A5
Database Link:	<u>Entrez Gene 9252 Human</u> <u>O75582</u>



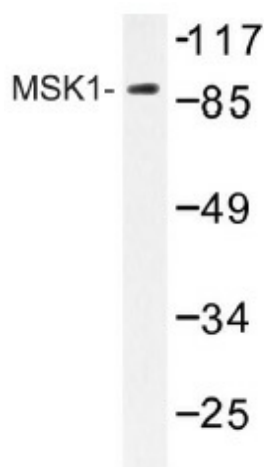
Background:

The family of ribosomal S6 kinases (Rsk), designated Rsk-1, Rsk-2 and Rsk-3, have been implicated as important signaling intermediates in response to a broad range of ligand-activated receptor tyrosine kinases. A unique feature common to the three members of the Rsk family is that each possesses two non-identical complete kinase catalytic domains. A related S6 kinase, p70 S6 kinase, functions to phosphorylate the S6 protein on ribosomal 40S subunits. p70 S6 kinase beta shares high sequence homology with p70 S6 kinase, except in the carboxy terminus where it contains a proline-rich domain that may be involved in SH3 domain containing protein interactions. MSK1 (also designated RLPK) is related to Rsk and p70 S6 kinase family members and is thought to be structurally similar to Rsk family members, but it may be regulated by distinct mechanisms.

Synonyms:

Ribosomal protein S6 kinase alpha-5, RSKL

Product images:



Western blot (WB) analysis of MSK1 antibody (Cat.-No.: AP01343PU-N) in extracts from HT-29 cells.