

Product datasheet for AM33345PU-S

OriGene Technologies, Inc. 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200

Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

IGF1 Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: M23]

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Clone Name: M23

Applications: ELISA, FC, IF, IHC, IP, WB

Recommended Dilution: ELISA: Use BSA free Antibody for Coating.

Flow Cytometry: 0.5-1 μg/106 cells. **Immunofluorescence:** 1-2 μg/ml.

In-vitro **Neutralization of Biological Activity** of IGF-1 (Use Azide Free Antibody).

Positive Control: Pancreas or brain. Breast, Thyroid or Colon Cancers; IGF-1 recombinant

protein.

Reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rabbit, Rat

Host: Mouse Isotype: IgG1

Clonality: Monoclonal

Immunogen: Purified Human IGF-1 protein.

Specificity: This antibody is specific to Insulin-like Growth Factor (IGF-I) and shows minimal cross-

reaction with IGF-II, Proinsulin, MSF, and Insulin.

Clone M23 is capable of inhibiting IGF-I activity in bioassays for insulin-like, mitogenic

and sulfation activities.

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic (Secreted).

Formulation: 10mM PBS

State: Purified

State: Liquid purified IgG fraction from Bioreactor Concentrate

Stabilizer: 0.05% BSA

Preservative: 0.05% Sodium Azide

Concentration: lot specific

Purification: Protein A/G Chromatography

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Storage: Store undiluted at 2-8°C.

Stability: Shelf life: one year from despatch.



IGF1 Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: M23] - AM33345PU-S

Predicted Protein Size: ~7.6 kDa

Gene Name: insulin like growth factor 1

Database Link: Entrez Gene 3479 Human

P05019

Background: Insulin-like growth factor 1 (IGF-1) is a polypeptide growth factor with two isoforms that are

produced by alternative splicing. Isoform 1 is also known as IGF-IB while isoform 2 is known as IGF-IA. IGF-1 stimulates the proliferation of a wide range of cell types including muscle, bone and cartilage tissue. It functions as an autocrine regulator of growth. Activation of IGF system has emerged as a key factor for tumor progression and resistance to apoptosis in

many cancers like those of breast, thyroid and colon.

IGF-1 is involved in regulation of neuronal growth and development in central and peripheral nervous system. It is known to protect neurons against cell death induced by amyloidogenic derivatives, glucose or serum deprivation through pathways involving AKT kinase and transcription factor FKHRL1 phosphorylation. Activation of the insulin-like growth factor system has emerged as a key factor for tumor progression and resistance to apoptosis in

many cancers like breast and thyroid cancers.

Synonyms: IGF-I, Somatomedin-C, Mechano growth factor, MGF, IBP1