

Product datasheet for AM32829PU-S

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GFAP Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: GA5]

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Clone Name: GA5

Applications: FC, IF, IHC, IP, WB

Recommended Dilution: ELISA: Use Antibody without BSA for Coating.

Western Blot: 0.5-1 µg/ml.

Flow Cytometry: 0.5-1 μg/106 cells. **Immunofluorescence:** 1-2 μg/ml.

Immunoprecipitation: 1-2 μg/500 μg protein lysate.

Immunohistochemistry on Paraffin Sections: 0.5-1 μg/ml for 30 minutes at RT.

Staining of formalin-fixed tissues requires boiling tissue sections in 10mM Citrate Buffer, pH

6.0, for 10-20 min followed by cooling at RT for 20 minutes. *Recommended Positive Control:* Brain or Astrocytoma.

Reactivity: Bovine, Chicken, Human, Mouse, Porcine, Rabbit, Rat

Host: Mouse Isotype: IgG1

Clonality: Monoclonal

Immunogen: Glial Fibrillary Protein from Porcine spinal cord

Specificity: This Monoclonal antibody recognizes a protein of ~50kDa which is identified as Glial Fibrillary

Acidic Protein (GFAP). It shows no cross-reaction with other intermediate filament proteins. It labels some astrocytes and some CNS ependymal cells but not oligodendrocytes or

neurons.

Antibody to GFAP is useful in differentiating primary gliomas from metastatic lesions in the

brain and for documenting astrocytic differentiation in tumors outside the CNS.

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic.

Formulation: 10mM PBS

State: Purified

State: Liquid purified IgG fraction from Bioreactor Concentrate

Stabilizer: 0.05% BSA

Preservative: 0.05% Sodium Azide



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Concentration: lot specific

Purification: Affinity Chromatography on Protein A/G

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Storage: Store undiluted at 2-8°C.

Stability: Shelf life: one year from despatch.

Predicted Protein Size: ~50 kDa

Gene Name: glial fibrillary acidic protein

Database Link: Entrez Gene 2670 Human

P14136

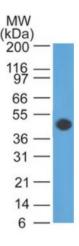
Background: Glial fibrillary acidic protein (GFAP) is a class-III intermediate-filament (IF) protein that is highly

specific for cells of astroglial lineage, although its tissue-specific role is speculative. It is used as a marker to distinguish astrocytes from other glial cells during development. Mutations in this gene cause Alexander disease, a rare disorder of astrocytes in the central nervous system. The gene is localized to chromosome 17q21. Alternate splicing of this gene generates

several transcript variants encoding three different isoforms.

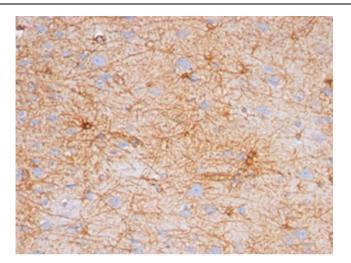
Synonyms: Glial Fibrillary Acidic Protein

Product images:



Western blot analysis of GFAP in Human brain lysate using GFAP Antibody (Clone GA5).





Formalin-Paraffin Human brain stained with GFAP Antibody (Clone GA-5). Note cytoplasmic staining.