

## Product datasheet for AM32222PU-N

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## TNF alpha (TNF) Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: 52B83]

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Primary Antibodies

Clone Name: 52B83

**Applications:** ELISA, FN, IHC, IP, WB

Recommended Dilution: ELISA.

Western Blot. Flow Cytometry.

Immunohistochemistry on frozen and paraffin sections.

The typical starting working dilution is 1:50.

Immunoprecipitation.

Immunoassay.

**Reactivity:** Guinea Pig, Human, Monkey, Mouse

Host: Mouse Isotype: IgG1

Clonality: Monoclonal

**Specificity:** The monoclonal antibody 52B83 reacts with Tumor Necrosis Factor alpha (TNF-alpha).

The antibody cross reacts with mouse, guinea pig and rhesus monkey TNF-alpha.

Formulation: PBS

State: Purified

State: Liquid purified Ig fraction (0.2 um filtered)

Stabilizer: 0.1% BSA

Preservative: 0.02% Sodium azide

**Concentration:** lot specific

Conjugation: Unconjugated

**Storage:** Store the antibody undiluted at 2-8°C.

**Stability:** Shelf life: one year from despatch.

**Gene Name:** tumor necrosis factor

Database Link: Entrez Gene 7124 Human

P01375





## TNF alpha (TNF) Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: 52B83] - AM32222PU-N

Background:

Tumor necrosis factor-alpha (TNF-alpha), a homotrimeric 17 KD protein, is a potent mediator of inflammatory and metabolic functions. TNF-alpha was originally detected as a highly cytotoxic cytokine for tumor cells, it causes tumor necrosis in vivo and shows cytolytic activity against tumor cells in vitro. Further TNF-alpha has been implied as central mediator in shock induced by gram negative micro-organisms. The cytokine TNF-alpha is found to be a central mediator in many inflammatory and immunological processes: it can be induced by various products of microorganisms and by various cytokines but it also induces on its turn the production of many cytokines. Signal transduction occurs via two types of TNF-receptors, the TNF-receptors I and II. The receptors differ strongly in their intra-cellular signaling pathways. The TNF-alpha trimer interacts with either of the two types of TNF-receptors leading to receptor crosslinking.

Synonyms:

TNF, TNF-a, TNFA, TNFSF2, Cachectin