

Product datasheet for AM31990SU-N

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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ABCC12 Rat Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: M9I-38]

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Clone Name: M9I-38
Applications: IF, IHC, WB

Recommended Dilution: Western blotting: Use at 1/20-1/50 and anti-Rat-HRP.

Immunocytochemistry: Use at 1/20-1/50 on Acetone Fixed Cytospin preparations.

Immunohistochemisty on Frozen Sections: 1/20 on Acetone Fixed Frozen sections can be followed by incubation with Rabbit anti-Rat Ig (1/25) and a monoclonal Rat APAAP complex (1/50). Alternatively, after incubation with M9I-38 (use 1/20) and washing, slides can be incubated with biotinylated Rabbit anti-Rat Ig (1/100) and streptavidin conjugated to

Horseradish Peroxidase (1/500).

Reactivity: Human

Host: Rat

Isotype: IgG

Clonality: Monoclonal

Immunogen: A bacterial fusion protein of human MRP9, containing amino acids 1-42 of the protein.

Specificity: This Monoclonal antibody M9I-38 reacts with an internal epitope of MRP9 (ABCC12), an

approximately 150 kD transmembrane protein that is related to the multidrug resistance

protein MRP1.

Formulation: State: Supernatant

State: Serum Free Culture Supernatant

Stabilizer: 0.7% BSA

Preservative: 0.09% Sodium Azide

Concentration: lot specific

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Storage: Store antibody undiluted at 2-8°C. Stability: Shelf life: one year from despatch.

Gene Name: ATP binding cassette subfamily C member 12





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Database Link: Entrez Gene 94160 Human

Q96J65

Background: This gene is a member of the superfamily of ATP-binding cassette (ABC) transporters and the

encoded protein contains two ATP-binding domains and 12 transmembrane regions. ABC proteins transport various molecules across extra- and intracellular membranes. ABC genes are divided into seven distinct subfamilies: ABC1, MDR/TAP, MRP, ALD, OABP, GCN20, and White. This gape is a member of the MPP subfamily which is involved in multi-drug.

White. This gene is a member of the MRP subfamily which is involved in multi-drug resistance. This gene and another subfamily member are arranged head-to-tail on

chromosome 16q12.1. Increased expression of this gene is associated with breast cancer.

Synonyms: Multidrug resistance-associated protein 9