

Product datasheet for AM31879PU-N

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ADAM9 / MDC9 Rat Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: 7D10]

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Clone Name: 7D10 Applications: WB

Recommended Dilution: Western Blot: 1/500-1/1000.

Reactivity: Mouse
Host: Rat
Isotype: IgG2

Clonality: Monoclonal

Immunogen: Purified Recombinant Mouse ADAM9 extracellular domain.

Specificity: This antibody detects both ADAM9 and ADAM15 in Western blotting.

Formulation: 0.2 µm filtered PBS solution

State: Purified

State: Lyophilized purified IgG fraction of of Culture Supernatant

Stabilizer: None

Reconstitution Method: Restore with 200 μl sterile PBS and the final concentration is 500 μg/ml.

Purification: Protein A/G Affinity Chromatography

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Storage: Prior to reconstitution store at 2-8°C.

Following reconstitution store undiluted at 2-8°C for one month

or (in aliquots) at -20°C for longer. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Stability: Shelf life: one year from despatch.

Gene Name: a disintegrin and metallopeptidase domain 9 (meltrin gamma)

Database Link: Entrez Gene 11502 Mouse

Q61072





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Background:

ADAM9, also known as MDC9 or meltrin y, is a member of the ADAM family that contains a disintegrin and metalloprotease-like domain. Like other membrane-anchored ADAMs, ADAM9 consists of a pro domain with a cysteine switch and furin cleavage sequence, a catalytic domain with the zinc-binding site and Metturn expected for reprolysins, a disintegrin like domain, a cysteine-rich domain, an EGF-like domain, a transmembrane domain, and the cytoplasmic domain. ADAM9 is able to cleave peptides corresponding to cleavage sites of tumor necrosis factor α (TNF α), the p75 TNF receptor, the β -amyloid protein precursor, and the c-kit ligand1, implying that it may participate in shedding of these membrane proteins. In fact, ADAM9 has been shown to shed membrane-anchored heparin-binding EGF-like growth factor. In addition, it also cleaves oxidized insulin B-chain and fibronectin. Besides its catalytic activity, ADAM9 functions as an adhesion molelcule through binding of its disintegrin domain to integrins such as $\alpha\nu\beta5$ and $\alpha6\beta1$. The cytoplasmic domain of ADAM9 interacts with Src homology 3 (SH3)containing proteins and protein kinase C, and may mediate different signaling pathways. ADAM9 is widely expressed in tissues.

Synonyms:

KIAA0021, MCMP, MLTNG, Meltrin gamma