

Product datasheet for AM26637AF-N

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

CD61 / ITGB3 Rat Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: 1-55-4]

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Clone Name: 1-55-4

Applications: FC, IP, WB

Recommended Dilution: Western blot: 1 μg/ml for chemiluminescence detection system.

Immunoprecipitation: 10 μg/200 μl of cell extract from 5 x 1% cells.

Flow cytometry: 10 µg/ml (final concentration).

For details see protocols below.

Reactivity: Mouse

Host: Rat

Isotype: IgG2a

Clonality: Monoclonal

Immunogen: Mouse platelet

Specificity: This antibody reacts with CD61 antigen.

Formulation: PBS containing 50% glycerol, pH 7.2. No preservative is contained.

State: Azide Free

State: Liquid Ig fraction

Concentration: lot specific

Purification: Protein G agarose

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Storage: Upon receipt, store (in aliquots) at -20 °C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Stability: Shelf life: One year from despatch.

Gene Name: integrin beta 3

Database Link: Entrez Gene 16416 Mouse

O54890



CD61 / ITGB3 Rat Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: 1-55-4] - AM26637AF-N

Background:

Platelet activation results in a conformational change of the membrane spanning platelet integrin GPIIb/IIIa (aIIbß3, CD41/CD61) enabling the binding of the plasma protein fibrinogen. This binding is primarily reversible, but it enhances platelet activation by outside-in signal causing receptor clustering, platelet secretion, and finally irreversible fibrinogen binding and platelet aggregation.

Synonyms:

Integrin beta-3, GP3A, GPIIIa

Note:

This product was originally produced by MBL International.

Protocol:

SDS-PAGE & Western Blotting

- 1) Wash the mouse platelets 3 times with PBS
- 2) Mix the sample with equal volume of Laemmli's sample buffer (without 2-mercaptoethanol).
- 3) Boil the samples for 5 minutes and centrifuge. Load 15 μ L of the sample per lane in a 1 mm thick SDS-polyacrylamide gel for electrophoresis.
- 4) Blot the protein to a polyvinylidene difluoride (PVDF) membrane at 1 mA/cm2 for 1 hour in a semi-dry transfer system (Transfer Buffer: 25 mM Tris, 190 mM glycine, 20% MeOH). See the manufacture's manual for precise transfer procedure.
- 5) To reduce nonspecific binding, soak the membrane in 5% skimmed milk (in PBS, pH 7.2) for 1 hour at room temperature, or overnight at 4 oC.
- 6) Incubate the membrane with primary antibody diluted with PBS, pH 7.2 containing 1% skimmed milk as suggest in the APPLICATIONS for 1 hour at room temperature. (The concentration of antibody will depend on condition.)
- 7) Wash the membrane with PBS-T [0.05% Tween-20 in PBS] (5 minutes x 6 times).
- 8) Incubate the membrane with the 1:2,000 HRP-conjugated anti-rat IgG diluted with 1% skimmed milk (in PBS, pH 7.2) for 1 hour at room temperature.
- 9) Wash the membrane with PBS-T (5 minutes x 6 times).
- 10) Wipe excess buffer on the membrane, then incubate it with appropriate chemiluminescence reagent for 1 minute. Remove extra reagent from the membrane by dabbing with paper towel, and seal it in plastic wrap.
- 11) Expose to an X-ray film in a dark room for 5 minutes. Develop the film as usual. The condition for exposure and development may vary. Expose to an X-ray film in a dark room for 10 minutes. Develop the film as usual. The condition for exposure and development may vary.

(Positive control for western blotting; mouse platelet) Immunoprecipitation

- 1) Wash the biotin labeled mouse bone marrow cells 3 times with PBS and suspend with 10 volume of cold Lysis buffer (20 mM Tris-HCl pH 8.0, 250 mM NaCl, 0.25% NP-40, 1 mM EDTA, 1 mM DTT) containing appropriate protease inhibitors. Incubate it at 4oC with rotating for 60 minutes.
- 2) Centrifuge the tube at 800 x g for 10 minutes at 4oC and transfer the supernatant to another tube.



- 3) Add primary antibody as suggest in the APPLICATIONS into 1 mL of the supernatant. Mix well and incubate with gentle agitation for 1 hour at 4oC.
- 4) Add 20 μ L of 50% protein G agarose beads resuspended in the cold PBS. Mix well and incubate with gentle agitation for 1 hour at 4oC.
- 5) Wash the beads 3-5 times with the cold washing buffer (10 mM Tris-HCl pH 8.0, 500 mM NaCl, 0.1% NP-40) (centrifuge the tube at 2,500 x g for 10 seconds).
- 6) Resuspend the beads in 20 μ L of Laemmli's sample buffer (with or without 2-mercaptoethanol) and boil the samples for 5 minutes and centrifuge. Load 10 μ L of the sample per lane in a 1 mm thick SDS-polyacrylamide gel for electrophoresis.
- 7) Blot the protein to a polyvinylidene difluoride (PVDF) membrane at 1 mA/cm2 for 1 hour in a semi-dry transfer system (Transfer Buffer: 25 mM Tris, 190 mM glycine, 20% MeOH). See the manufacture's manual for precise transfer procedure.
- 8) To reduce nonspecific binding, soak the membrane in 5% skimmed milk (in PBS, pH 7.2) for 1 hour at room temperature, or overnight at 4 oC.
- 9) Incubate the membrane with the 1:2,0000 HRP-conjugated streptavidin diluted with 1% skimmed milk (in PBS, pH 7.2) for 1 hour at room temperature.
- 10) Wash the membrane with PBS-T [0.05% Tween-20 in PBS](5 minutes x 6 times).
- 11) Wipe excess buffer on the membrane, then incubate it with appropriate chemiluminescence reagent for 1 minute. Remove extra reagent from the membrane by dabbing with paper towel, and seal it in plastic wrap.
- 12) Expose to an X-ray film in a dark room for 3 minutes. Develop the film as usual. The condition for exposure and development may vary.

(Positive control for Immunoprecipitation; mouse bone marrow cell)

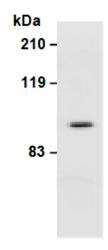
Flow cytometric analysis for floating cells

We usually use Fisher tubes or equivalents as reaction tubes for all step described below.

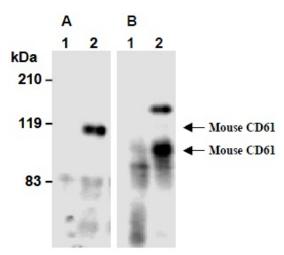
- 1) Wash the cells 3 times with washing buffer [PBS containing 2% fetal calf serum (FCS) and 0.1% NaN3].
- 2) Resuspend the cells with washing buffer (5x10e6 cells/mL).
- 3) Add 50 μ L of the cell suspension into each tube, and centrifuge at 500 x g for 1 minute at room temperature (20~25oC). Remove supernatant by careful aspiration.
- 4) Add 10 μ L of normal goat serum containing 1 mg/mL normal human IgG and 0.1% NaN3 to the cell pellet after tapping. Mix well and incubate for 5 minutes at room temperature.
- 5) Add 40 μ L of the primary antibody at the concentration of as suggest in the APPLICATIONS diluted in the washing buffer. Mix well and incubate for 30 minutes at room temperature.
- 6) Add 1 mL of the washing buffer followed by centrifugation at 500 x g for 1 minute at room temperature. Remove supernatant by careful aspiration.
- 7) Add 30 μ L of 1:40 PE conjugated anti-rat IgG diluted with the washing buffer. Mix well and incubate for 15 minutes at room temperature.
- 8) Add 1 mL of the washing buffer followed by centrifugation at 500 x g for 1 minute at room temperature. Remove supernatant by careful aspiration.
- 9) Resuspend the cells with 500 μ L of the washing buffer and analyze by a flow cytometer. (Positive control for Flow cytometry; mouse bone marrow cells)



Product images:



Western blot analysis mouse CD61 expression in mouse platelet using AM26637AF-N on the non-reduced condition.



Immunoprecipitation of mouse CD61 from mouse bone marrow cells with rat IgG2a[(1)[] or AM26637AF-N (2) on the reduced condition (A) and the non-reduced condition (B). After immunoprecipitated with the antibody, immunocomplex was resolved on SDS-PAGE and immunoblotted with HRP-Streptavidin.