

# Product datasheet for AM26201PU-N

### OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## TNF alpha (TNF) Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: 5N]

#### **Product data:**

**Product Type:** Primary Antibodies

Clone Name: 5N

**Applications:** ELISA, FN

Recommended Dilution: Immunoassay.

The homologous ELISA is useful for the detection of oligomeric human TNF-alpha. It does not

recognize monomeric TNF-alpha.

Functional assay: Inhibition of biological activity of TNF-alpha.

**Reactivity:** Bovine, Canine, Human, Monkey

Host: Mouse Isotype: IgG2a

Clonality: Monoclonal

**Specificity:** This antibody cross-reacts and cross-neutralizes all monkey species TNF-alpha, except pig-tail

macaque. With affinity about two orders lower it recognizes bovine and canine TNF-alpha.

Formulation: PBS

State: Purified

State: Liquid 0.2 µm filtered lg fraction Stabilizer: 0.1% bovine serum albumin

Concentration: lot specific

Purification: Protein G

Conjugation: Unconjugated Storage: Store at 2 - 8 °C.

**Stability:** Shelf life: one year from despatch.

**Gene Name:** tumor necrosis factor

Database Link: Entrez Gene 7124 Human

P01375





### TNF alpha (TNF) Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: 5N] - AM26201PU-N

#### Background:

Tumor necrosis factor-alpha (TNF-alpha), a homotrimeric 17 KD protein, is a potent mediator of inflammatory and metabolic functions. TNF-alpha was originally detected as a highly cytotoxic cytokine for tumor cells, it causes tumor necrosis in vivo and shows cytolytic activity against tumor cells in vitro. Further TNF-alpha has been implied as central mediator in shock induced by gram negative micro-organisms.

The cytokine TNF-alpha is found to be a central mediator in many inflammatory and immunological processes: it can be induced by various products of micro-organisms and by various cytokines but it also induces on its turn the production of many cytokines.

Signal transduction occurs via two types of TNF-receptors, the TNF-receptors I and II. The receptors differ strongly in their intra-cellular signaling pathways.

The TNF-alpha trimer interacts with either of the two types of TNF-R leading to receptor cross-linking.

Synonyms:

TNF, TNF-a, TNFA, TNFSF2, Cachectin