

Product datasheet for **AM26199BT-N**

TLR2 Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: TLR2.45]

Product data:

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Clone Name:	TLR2.45
Applications:	IF
Recommended Dilution:	Flow cytometry: Typical starting working dilution is 1:50. Immunofluorescence: Typical starting working dilution is 1:50.
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Mouse
Isotype:	IgG1
Clonality:	Monoclonal
Immunogen:	Ba/F3 cells which stably express human Flag-tagged TLR2
Specificity:	This antibody recognizes human TLR2 (CD282).
Formulation:	PBS Label: Biotin State: Liquid 0.2 µm filtered Ig fraction Stabilizer: 0.1% bovine serum albumin Preservative: 0.02% sodium azide
Concentration:	lot specific
Purification:	Protein G
Conjugation:	Biotin
Storage:	Store at 2 - 8 °C.
Stability:	Shelf life: one year from despatch.



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Background:

Toll-like receptors (TLR) are highly conserved throughout evolution and are implicated in the innate defense to many pathogens. Mammalian TLRs have been identified as type I transmembrane signaling receptors with pattern recognition capabilities. TLRs recognize pathogen-associated molecular patterns (PAMPs), expressed on infectious agents, and mediate the production of cytokines necessary for the development of effective immunity. The various TLRs exhibit different patterns of expression.

Among TLRs, TLR2 is a unique receptor recognizing lipoproteins of Gram-negative bacteria, several whole Gram-positive bacteria, as well as peptidoglycan, lipoteichoic acid and other bacterial cell membrane products. A functional interaction between TLR2 and TLR6 in the cellular response to various bacterial products has been discovered. Bacterial species as diverse as mycobacteria, spirochetes, mycoplasma, *Staphylococcus aureus*, and *Streptococcus pneumoniae* have all been shown to mediate cellular activation via TLR2 (CD282).

TLR2 is highly expressed in peripheral blood leukocytes, in particular in monocytes, in bone marrow, lymph node and in spleen. Furthermore, TLR2 is detected in lung and fetal liver. In other tissues TLR2 levels are low.