

## Product datasheet for AM26003PP-N

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

## T Cell Receptor (TCR) alpha/beta Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: IP26]

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Primary Antibodies

Clone Name: IP26
Applications: FC

Recommended Dilution: Flow Cytometry analysis of human blood cells using 10 μl reagent / 100 μl of whole blood

or 106 cells in a suspension.

The content of a vial (1 ml) is sufficient for 100 tests.

Reactivity: Human
Host: Mouse
Isotype: IgG1

Clonality: Monoclonal

**Specificity:** This antibody recognizes a monomorphic determinant of TCR alpha/beta, the dominant

subtype of T cell receptor expressed in human peripheral blood.

**Formulation:** Phosphate buffered saline (PBS)

Label: PerCP

State: Liquid purified Ig fraction

Stabilizer: 0.2% (w/v) high-grade protease free Bovine Serum Albumin (BSA)

Preservative: 15 mM sodium azide

Label: Conjugated with Peridinin-chlorophyll-protein complex (PerCP) under optimum conditions. The conjugate is purified by size-exclusion chromatography and adjusted for

direct use.

Conjugation: PerCP

Storage: Store undiluted at 2-8°C. DO NOT FREEZE!

This products is photosensitive and should be protected from light.

**Stability:** Shelf life: one year from despatch.







## Background:

The antigen-specific T cell receptor (TCR) is composed of either alpha and beta subunit, or gamma and delta subunit. Majority of T cells present in the blood, lymph and secondary lymphoid organs express TCR alpha/beta heterodimers, whereas the T cells expressing TCR gamma/delta heterodimers are localized mainly in epithelial tissues and at the sites of infection. The subunits of TCR heterodimers are covalently bonded and in the endoplasmic reticulum they associate with CD3 subunits to form functional TCR-CD3 complex. Lack of expression of any of the chains is sufficient to stop cell surface expression.