

Product datasheet for AM10035FC-N

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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PCNA Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: PC10]

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Clone Name: PC10
Applications: FC, IF

Recommended Dilution: Flow Cytometry: Use 10 μl of Neat-1/10 of dilutued antibnody to label 16 cells in 100 μl. Cell

permeabilisation is required for this application.

Reactivity: Amphibian, Drosophila, Fish, Mammalian, Yeast

Host: Mouse Isotype: IgG2a

Clonality: Monoclonal

Immunogen: Rat PCNA made in the protein A expression vector pR1T2T.

Specificity: This antibody recognises the proliferating cell nuclear antigen (PCNA), a nuclear protein vital

for cellular DNA synthesis.

PCNA is highly conserved between mammalian species and other vertebrates. Mouse anti Human PCNA, clone *PC10* has been used for the detection of PCNA in a number of species including Rat (Elsässer et al. 1994), Mouse (Park et al. 2008), Chicken (Franz-Odendaal 2008)

and Abalone (Harris et al. 2006).

Formulation: PBS

Label: FITC

State: Liquid purified IgG fraction

Stabilizer: 1% BSA

Preservative: 0.09% Sodium Azide

Label: Fluorescein Isothiocyanate Isomer 1

Concentration: lot specific

Purification: Affinity Chromatography on Protein G

Conjugation: FITC

Storage: Store undiluted at 2-8°C for one month or (in aliquots) at -20°C for longer.

This product is photosensitive and should be protected from light.

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Stability: Shelf life: one year from despatch.





Gene Name: proliferating cell nuclear antigen

Database Link: P12004

Background: Proliferating Cell Nuclear Antigen, commonly known as PCNA, is a protein that acts as a

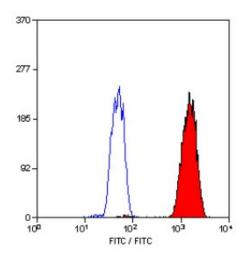
processivity factor for DNA polymerase delta in eukaryotic cells. The protein encoded by this gene is found in the nucleus and is a cofactor of DNA polymerase delta. The encoded protein acts as a homotrimer and helps increase the processivity of leading strand synthesis during DNA replication. In response to DNA damage, this protein is ubiquitinated and is involved in the RAD6-dependent DNA repair pathway. Two transcript variants encoding the same protein have been found for this gene. Pseudogenes of this gene have been described on chromosome 4 and on the X chromosome. PCNA was originally identified as an antigen that

is expressed in the nuclei of cells during the DNA synthesis phase of the cell cycle It is increased during late G1 phase and S phase of the cell cycle and declines during G2 and M $\,$

phases.

Synonyms: Cyclin

Product images:



Staining of KM-H2 cells (permeabilised) with MOUSE ANTI PCNA:FITC ([SM1421F])