

Product datasheet for AM09151PU-N

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

techsupport@origene.com
EU: info-de@origene.com
CN: techsupport@origene.cn

EGF Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: S-177]

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Clone Name: S-177
Applications: ELISA
Recommended Dilution: ELISA.
Reactivity: Human
Host: Mouse
Isotype: IgG1

Clonality: Monoclonal

Immunogen: Purified recombinant human EGF, 6kDa, 53 amino acid residues

Specificity: Reactive with natural and recombinant Human EGF.

Does not cross react with other Human cytokines tested such as IL-1beta, IL-8, MCAF, TGF-

beta and SAA

Formulation: 0.01M PBS, pH 7.2 without preservatives.

State: Aff - Purified

State: Lyophilized purified Ig fraction.

Reconstitution Method: Double distillated water is recommended to adjust the final concentration to 1.00 mg/ml.

Concentration: lot specific

Purification: Affinity Chromatography on Protein G.

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Storage: Store the antibody at -20°C.

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Stability: Shelf life: One year from despatch.

Gene Name: Homo sapiens epidermal growth factor (EGF), transcript variant 1

Database Link: Entrez Gene 1950 Human

P01133





EGF Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: S-177] - AM09151PU-N

Background: Epidermal growth factor (EGF) has a profound effect on the differentiation of specific cells in

vivo and is a potent mitogenic factor for a variety of cultured cells. The EGF precursor is believed to exist as a membrane-bound molecule which is proteolytically cleaved to generate the 53-amino acid peptide hormone that stimulates cells to divide. EGF exerts its actions by

binding to the EGFR, a 170 kDa protein.

Epidermal growth factor (EGF) is a key growth factor regulating cell survival. Through its binding to cell surface receptors, EGF activates an extensive network of signal transduction pathways that include activation of the PI3K/AKT, RAS/ERK and JAK/STAT pathways. Because of its key role in driving the proliferation of cells, EGFR is a target of several anti-cancer drugs

currently in development.

Synonyms: Urogastrone, Epidermal growth factor, URG, HOMG4

Protein Families: Adult stem cells, Druggable Genome, Embryonic stem cells, ES Cell Differentiation/IPS,

Induced pluripotent stem cells, Transmembrane

Protein Pathways: Bladder cancer, Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction, Endocytosis, Endometrial cancer, ErbB

signaling pathway, Focal adhesion, Gap junction, Glioma, MAPK signaling pathway, Melanoma, Non-small cell lung cancer, Pancreatic cancer, Pathways in cancer, Prostate

cancer, Regulation of actin cytoskeleton