

Product datasheet for AM09122SU-N

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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Desmoplakin (DSP) (C-term) Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: DPI/II 236.23.1]

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Clone Name: DPI/II 236.23.1

Applications: IF, IHC, WB

Recommended Dilution: Immunoblotting.

Immunofluorescence.

Immunohistochemistry on Frozen Sections.

Immunohistochemistry on Paraffin Embedded Sections (Microwave retrieval method

required).

Working Dilution: Ready to Use for Immunohistochemistry.

Incubation Time: 1 hour at RT.

Reactivity: Bovine, Human, Mouse, Xenopus

Host: Mouse Isotype: IgG2b

Clonality: Monoclonal

Immunogen: C-terminal polypeptide of recombinant Human Desmoplakin (starting at amino acid position

1980)

Specificity: The antibody shows distinct punctate membrane staining of different epithelia. Desmosomes

of the myocardium are also positive.

Tumors Specifically Detected: Primary and metastatic carcinoma and meningioma. **Tested Reactivities on Cultured Cell Lines:** Several human carcinoma cell lines: MCF-7, A-

431, HaCaT, CaCo2; bovine cells: MDBK, BMGE.

Polypeptides Reacting: Desmoplakin 1 and 2 (Mr 250 000 and 215 000).

Formulation: State: Supernatant

State: Liquid Culture Supernatant Preservative: 0.09% Sodium Azide

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Storage: Store undiluted at 2-8°C for one month or (in aliquots) at -20°C for longer.

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Stability: Shelf life: one year from despatch.





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Gene Name: desmoplakin

Database Link: Entrez Gene 1832 Human

P15924

Background: Desmosomes are intercellular junctions that form tight links between adjacent cells.

Desmoplakin is an obligate component of functional desmosomes that attaches intermediate filaments to desmosomal plaques. It is involved in the organization of desmosomal cadherin-

plakoglobin complexes into discrete plasma membrane domains. The N-terminus of

desmoplakin is essential for localisation to the desmosome and interaction with plakophilin 1 and plakoglobin. The C-terminus of desmoplakin binds to intermediate filaments. The central region of desmoplakin comprises a coiled-coil rod domain that mediates homodimerisation. There are two isoforms of desmoplakin - desmoplakin I, which is an obligate component of all desmosomes, and desmoplakin II, which is predominantly expressed in tissues and cells of stratified origin. Mutations in the gene encoding desmoplakin result in a number of cardiomyopathies and keratodermas as well as the autoimmune disease paraneoplastic

pemphigus.

Synonyms: DP, DSP, 250/210 kDa paraneoplastic pemphigus antigen

Protein Families: Druggable Genome

Protein Pathways: Arrhythmogenic right ventricular cardiomyopathy (ARVC)