

Product datasheet for AM06397SU-N

FABP2 Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: 9A9B7B3]

Product data:

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Clone Name:	9A9B7B3
Applications:	ELISA, FC, IF, IHC, WB
Recommended Dilution:	Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry on paraffin sections 1/200 - 1/1000. Immunofluorescence: 1/200 - 1/1000. Flow cytometry: 1/200 - 1/400. ELISA: 1/10000.
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Mouse
lsotype:	IgG1
Clonality:	Monoclonal
Immunogen:	Purified recombinant fragment of human FABP2 expressed in E. Coli.
Specificity:	This antibody reacts to FABP2.
Formulation:	State: Ascites State: Ascitic fluid containing 0.03% sodium azide.
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store the antibody undiluted at 2-8°C for one month or (in aliquots) at -20°C for longer. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Stability:	Shelf life: one year from despatch.
Predicted Protein Size:	15 kDa
Gene Name:	fatty acid binding protein 2
Database Link:	<u>Entrez Gene 2169 Human</u> <u>P12104</u>



This product is to be used for laboratory only. Not for diagnostic or therapeutic use. ©2022 OriGene Technologies, Inc., 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200, Rockville, MD 20850, US

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

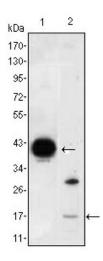
9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

SABP2 Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: 9A9B7B3] – AM06397SU-N

Background:The intracellular fatty acid-binding proteins (FABPs) belong to a multigene family with nearly
twenty identified members. FABPs are divided into at least three distinct types, namely the
hepatic-, intestinal- and cardiac-type. They form 14-15 kDa proteins and are thought to
participate in the uptake, intracellular metabolism and/or transport of long-chain fatty acids.
They may also be responsible in the modulation of cell growth and proliferation. Intestinal
fatty acid-binding protein 2 gene contains four exons and is an abundant cytosolic protein in
small intestine epithelial cells. This gene has a polymorphism at codon 54 that identified an
alanine-encoding allele and a threonine-encoding allele. Thr-54 protein is associated with
increased fat oxidation and insulin resistance. Genetic variation in FABP2 may thus contribute
to interindividual variation in the response of plasma lipoproteins to different dietary fibres,
but the mechanism does not appear to be related to increases in fecal bile acid secretion.

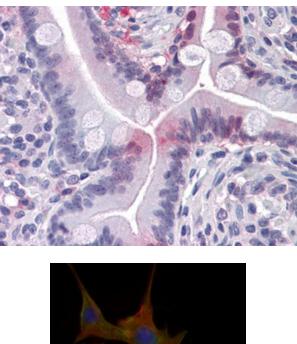
Synonyms: FABP-2, Fatty acid-binding protein, intestinal, I-FABP, FABPI

Product images:



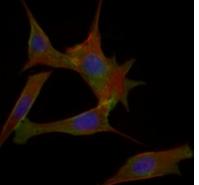
Western blot analysis using FABP2 mouse mAb against FABP2-hlgGFc transfected HEK293 (1) cell lysate and LOVO (2) cell lysate.

This product is to be used for laboratory only. Not for diagnostic or therapeutic use. ©2022 OriGene Technologies, Inc., 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200, Rockville, MD 20850, US

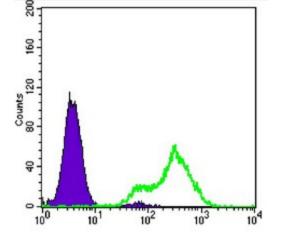


Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffinembedded human Small Intestine tissues using FABP2 mouse mAb

Immunofluorescence analysis of 3T3-L1 cells using FABP2 mouse mAb (green). Blue: DRAQ5



fluorescent DNA dye. Red: Actin filaments have been labeled with Alexa Fluor-555 phalloidin.



Flow cytometric analysis of LOVO cells using FABP2 mouse mAb (green) and negative control (purple).

This product is to be used for laboratory only. Not for diagnostic or therapeutic use. ©2022 OriGene Technologies, Inc., 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200, Rockville, MD 20850, US