

Product datasheet for AM06221SU-N

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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cAMP / cyclic AMP Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: 9H4C4]

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Clone Name: 9H4C4
Applications: ELISA

Recommended Dilution: ELISA: 1/10000.

Reactivity: Human
Host: Mouse
Isotype: IgG1

Clonality: Monoclonal

Immunogen: cAMP, conjugated to KLH.

Formulation: State: Ascites

State: Ascitic fluid containing 0.03% Sodium Azide.

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Storage: Store the antibody undiluted at 2-8°C for one month or (in aliquots) at -20°C for longer.

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Stability: Shelf life: one year from despatch.

Background: Cyclic adenosine monophosphate (cAMP) plays a key role as an intracellular second

messenger for transduction events that follow a number of extracellular signals. The G-Protein Coupled Receptors (GPCR) is the largest family of cell surface receptors. They can be activated by different ligands, such as neurotransmitters, hormones, ions, small molecules, peptides, and other physiological signaling molecules. Typically, the binding of the ligands to its receptor resulting in the activation of G-proteins, in return, activates the effector adenylyl cyclase evoking the production of cAMP. The activation of a protein kinase by cAMP results in the phosphorylation of substrate proteins. Currently successful drugs in marketing have been developed to target these receptors. Among the GPCRs, ~367 receptors are potential drug development targets, but only about 20 have been used to generate therapeutically and commercially successful drugs so far. Because the involvement of cAMP can amplify the response of the ligand binding, the second messenger cAMP has been largely employed to

monitor the activation of the GPCR to facilitate the therapeutic drug discovery

