

Product datasheet for AM00840PU-N

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

Ferritin (heavy and light chain) Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: 057-10010]

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Clone Name: 057-10010

Applications: ELISA **Recommended Dilution:** ELISA.

Recommended Pairs for Sandwich Immunoassay

Capture/Detection:

AM00839PU-N / AM00840PU-N AM24001PU-N / AM00840PU-N

Reactivity: Human
Host: Mouse
Isotype: IgG1

Clonality: Monoclonal

Immunogen: Ferritin isolated from Human liver
Specificity: This antibdoy recognizes Ferritin.

Formulation: 10mM Phosphate, pH 7.4 containing 150mM Sodium Chloride and 0.09% Sodium Azide as

preservative. State: Purified

State: Liquid purified IgG fraction (>90% pure by SDS-PAGE).

Concentration: lot specific

Purification: Protein A Chromatography. Product is 0.2μm filtered.

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Storage: Store the antibody undiluted at 2-8°C for one week or (in aliquots) at -40°C for longer.

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Stability: Shelf life: one year from despatch.





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Background:

Ferritin is a ubiquitous and highly conserved protein which plays a major role in iron homeostasis by sequestering and storing iron in a non-toxic and soluble form. It forms a holoenzyme of ~450 kDa, consisting of 24 subunits of two types, H (heavy; 21 kDa) and L (light; 19 kDa), and is capable of storing up to 4,500 atoms of ferric iron. Depending on the tissue type and physiological status of the cell, the ratio of H to L subunits in ferritin can vary widely. Ferritin is found in the liver, spleen, kidney and heart, with smaller amounts being found in blood. Serum ferritin levels serve as an indicator of the amount of iron stored in the body. Serum ferritin is the most sensitive test for anaemia, and is also used as a marker for restless leg syndrome, hemochromatosis and porphyria. As ferritin is an acute-phase reactant, it is often elevated during infection. Defects in ferritin proteins are associated with several neurodegenerative diseases.

Synonyms:

FTH, FTL, Ferritin H subunit, Ferritin L subunit