

Product datasheet for AM00837PU-N

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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Ferritin (heavy and light chain) Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: 090-10187]

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Clone Name: 090-10187

Applications: ELISA Recommended Dilution: ELISA.

Recommended Pairs for Sandwich Immunoassay

Capture/Detection:

AM00839PU-N / AM00837PU-N AM00841PU-N / AM00837PU-N

Reactivity: Human
Host: Mouse
Isotype: IgG2a

Clonality: Monoclonal

Immunogen: Ferritin from Human Spleen

Specificity: This antibody recognizes Human Ferritin.

Formulation: 10 mM Phosphate, pH 7.4 containing 150 mM Sodium Chloride

State: Purified

State: Liquid purified IgG fraction (>90% pure by SDS-PAGE)

Preservative: 0.09% Sodium Azide

Concentration: lot specific

Purification: Protein A chromatography Product is 0.2 μm filtered

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Storage: Store the antibody undiluted at 2-8°C for one week or (in aliquots) at -20°C for longer.

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Stability: Shelf life: one year from despatch.





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Background:

Ferritin is a ubiquitous and highly conserved protein which plays a major role in iron homeostasis by sequestering and storing iron in a non-toxic and soluble form. It forms a holoenzyme of ~450 kDa, consisting of 24 subunits of two types, H (heavy; 21 kDa) and L (light; 19 kDa), and is capable of storing up to 4,500 atoms of ferric iron. Depending on the tissue type and physiological status of the cell, the ratio of H to L subunits in ferritin can vary widely. Ferritin is found in the liver, spleen, kidney and heart, with smaller amounts being found in blood. Serum ferritin levels serve as an indicator of the amount of iron stored in the body. Serum ferritin is the most sensitive test for anaemia, and is also used as a marker for restless leg syndrome, hemochromatosis and porphyria. As ferritin is an acute-phase reactant, it is often elevated during infection. Defects in ferritin proteins are associated with several neurodegenerative diseases.

Synonyms:

FTH, FTL, Ferritin H subunit, Ferritin L subunit