

Product datasheet for AM00199TC-N

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

Phosphotyrosine Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: PY20]

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Clone Name: PY20

Applications: ELISA, IHC, IP, WB

Recommended Dilution: Suitable for Immunohistochemistry (5-10 ug/ml) and Immunocytochemistry (5-10 ug/ml).

Host: Mouse Isotype: IgG2b

Clonality: Monoclonal

Immunogen: Hybridoma produced from Balb/C mice immunized with phosphotyrosine coupled to carrier

protein.

Specificity: This antibody specifically recognizes phosphorylated tyrosine residues and does not react

with phosphorylated threonine or serine residues.

Formulation: 0.02 M Sodium Phosphate, pH 7.5 with 0.15 M Sodium Chloride, 3 mM Sodium Azide as

preservative, 50% glycerol

Label: TAMRA

State: Liquid purified IgG fraction.

Label: The antibody was labeled by reaction with tetramethyl-rhodamine succinimidyl ester in

the presence of phenyl phosphate (to protect the antibody binding site). The unreacted

succinimidyl ester was removed by molecular exclusion chromatography

Concentration: lot specific

Purification: Affinity purification on a column of immobilized phosphotyrosine.

Conjugation: TAMRA

Storage: Store the antibody (undiluted) at 2-8°C for one month or (in aliquots) at -20°C for longer.

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Stability: Shelf life: One year from despatch.





Phosphotyrosine Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: PY20] - AM00199TC-N

Background:

Phosphorylation of specific tyrosine residues has been shown to be a primary mechanism of signal transduction during normal mitogenesis, cell cycle progression and oncogenic transformation. Its role in other areas such as differentiation and gap junction communication, is a matter of active and ongoing research. Antibodies that specifically recognize phosphorylated tyrosine residues have proved to be invaluable to the study of tyrosine-phosphorylated protein biochemical pathways in which they function. The rhodamine conjugate of clone PY20 anti-phosphotyrosine is especially useful for the detection of these P-Tyr proteins in immunohistochemical and immunocytochemical protocols in situations wherein the use of a secondary antibody would complicate detection of the protein(s) of interest.