

Product datasheet for AM00015BT-N

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

beta Catenin (CTNNB1) pTyr86 (incl. pos. control) Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: 24E1]

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Clone Name: 24E1

Applications: ELISA, WB

Recommended Dilution: Western Blot: 1 μg/ml for HRPO/ECL detection.

Recommended blocking buffer: Casein/Tween 20 based blocking and blot incubation buffer.

ELISA: 0.05 µg/ml.

Reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat

Host: Mouse Isotype: IgG1

Clonality: Monoclonal

Immunogen: Phosphopeptide conjugated to hemocyanin

Specificity: This antibody specifically recognizes β-catenin phosphorylated at tyrosine 86 at 90 kDa.

Formulation: PBS/0.09% Na-Azide/PEG and Sucrose

Label: Biotin

State: Liquid purified IgG

Concentration: lot specific

Purification: Size exclusion chromatography.

Conjugation: Biotin

Storage: Store the antibody (aliquote in liquid nitrogen) at -80°C.

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Thaw aliquots at 37°C. Thawed aliquots may be stored at 4°C up to 3 months.

Stability: Shelf life: one year from despatch.

Gene Name: catenin beta 1

Database Link: Entrez Gene 1499 Human

P35222





beta Catenin (CTNNB1) pTyr86 (incl. pos. control) Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: 24E1] – AM00015BT-N

Background:

The α -, β - and γ -catenins are cytoplasmic proteins mediating the interaction of Ca2+-dependent transmembrane adhesion molecules (cadherins) with the cytoskeletal network. The direct interaction of β -catenin with the cytoplasmic domain of cadherins plays a crucial role for cell-cell adhesion and signal transmission between neighbouring cells. Recent studies indicate that β -catenin may also play a role in tumorigenesis since it forms complexes with the tumor suppressor gene product APC. β -catenin directly interacts and constitutively activates transcription factors of the TCF/LEF gene family. Thus it is proposed that β -catenin plays a dual role not only in the maintainance and regulation of cell-cell interactions but also in the regulation of gene activity. Additionally, β -catenin is a substrate of both receptor and non-receptor tyrosine kinases. Tyrosine 86 and tyrosine 654 are substrates of EGF receptor and src family kinases while tyrosine 142 is a substrate of fer tyrosine kinase.

Synonyms:

CTNNB1, CTNNB, Beta-catenin