

## Product datasheet for **AM00002PU-N**

### Amyloid beta (1-40/42) Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: 9F1]

#### Product data:

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Clone Name:	9F1
Applications:	ELISA, IF, WB
Recommended Dilution:	<b>Western Blot:</b> 1 µg/ml for HRPO/ECL detection. <b>Recommended blocking buffer:</b> Casein/Tween 20 based blocking and blot incubation buffer. <b>ELISA:</b> 0.05 µg/ml. <b>Immunocytochemistry:</b> 0.1-1 µg/ml.
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Mouse
Isotype:	IgG1
Clonality:	Monoclonal
Immunogen:	KLH conjugated C-terminal peptide of Amyloid beta A4 (1-40) and beta A4 (1-42).
Specificity:	This antibody interacts with the C-termini of both beta-Amyloid (1-40) and (1-42).
Formulation:	1 ml 2 x PBS containing 0.09% Sodium Azide, PEG and Sucrose State: Purified State: Lyophilized purified IgG fraction
Reconstitution Method:	Restore with 1 ml H <sub>2</sub> O (15 min, RT).
Purification:	Size Exclusion Chromatography
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store lyophilized (preferably in a desiccator) at -20°C and reconstituted (aliquote and freeze in liquid nitrogen) at -20°C to -80°C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing. Thaw aliquots at 37°C. Thawed aliquots may be stored at 2-8°C up to 3 months.
Stability:	Shelf life: one year from despatch.



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**Background:**

The beta-amyloid peptide (beta A4), proteolytically released from the amyloid precursor protein (APP), is the principal component of senile plaques in Alzheimer's disease. Cleavage of APP by alpha-secretase or alternatively by beta-secretase leads to generation and extracellular release of soluble APP peptides, S-APP-alpha and S-APP-beta, respectively, and the retention of corresponding membrane-anchored C-terminal fragments, C83 and C99. Subsequent processing of C83 by gamma-secretase yields P3 peptides. This is the major secretory pathway and is nonamyloidogenic. Alternatively, presenilin/nicastrin-mediated gamma-secretase processing of C99 releases the amyloid beta proteins, amyloid-beta 40 (Abeta40) and amyloid-beta 42 (Abeta42), major components of amyloid plaques, and the cytotoxic C-terminal fragments, gamma-CTF(50), gamma-CTF(57) and gamma-CTF(59).