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SensiMix SYBR Master Mix - No ROX Kit

Shipping: On Blue Ice Catalog Numbers

Lot Number: See Vial QP100010: 100 Reactions (1.25 mL)

QP100011: 400 Reactions (5.0 mL)

QP100012: 1600 Reactions (20 mL)

Store at -20°C

Storage and Stability:

The SensiMix SYBR Master Mix - No ROX is shipped on Blue Ice. All kit components should be stored at -20°C upon receipt. Excessive freeze/thawing is not recommended. Since SYBR® Green I is light-sensitive, it is important to avoid prolonged exposure to light. When stored under optimum conditions, the reagents are stable for a minimum of 6 months from date of purchase.

Safety Precautions:

Harmful if swallowed. Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. Please refer to the material safety data sheet for further information.

Description

The SensiMix SYBR Master Mix - No ROX Kit is a high-performance reagent designed for superior sensitivity and specificity on various real-time instruments in which a passive reference signal is not required. The SensiMix SYBR Master Mix - No ROX Kit employs a hot-start DNA polymerase, for high PCR specificity and sensitivity. SensiMix is inactivated and possesses no polymerase activity during the reaction set-up, preventing non-specific amplification including primer-dimer formation.

For ease-of-use and added convenience, SensiMix SYBR Master Mix - No ROX is provided as a 2x mastermix containing all the components necessary for real- time PCR, including the SYBR® Green I dye, dNTPs, stabilisers and enhancers. As a ready-to-use premix, only primers and template need to be added.

Kit components

Reagent	100 x 25µl	400 x 25µl	1600 x 25µl
	Reactions	Reactions	Reactions
Cat. Number	QP100010	QP100011	QP100012
SensiMix SYBR	1 x 1.25ml	4 x 1.25ml	16 x 1.25ml
Master Mix - No ROX (2x)	(1.25ml)	(5ml)	(20ml)

Kit compatibility

The SensiMix SYBR Master Mix - No ROX kit contains premixed SYBR Green I dye for compatibility with real-time instruments that do not need a passive reference signal for normalization of the data. The No-ROX Kit is optimized for use on the real-time instruments listed in the following compatibility table.

Manufacturer	Model
Bio-Rad	Opticon™, Opticon2™, MiniOpticon, Chromo4™, CFX96, CFX384
Cepheid	SmartCycler™
Qiagen	Rotor-Gene™ 3000 & 6000
Eppendorf	Mastercycler ep Realplex, ep Reaplex 2S
Roche	LightCycler [®] 480
Techne	Quantica [®]
PCRmax	Eco™
Takara	Thermal Cycler Dice [®] TP800

General considerations

To help prevent any carry-over DNA contamination we recommend that separate areas be maintained for PCR setup, PCR amplification and any post-PCR gel analysis. It is essential that any amplified PCR product should not be opened in the PCR set-up area.

Primers: the sequence and concentration of primer and the amplicon length can be critical for specific amplification, yield and overall efficiency of any real-time PCR. We strongly recommend you use OriGene's validated primer pairs when designing and running your PCR reactions.

Template: it is important that the DNA template is suitable for use in PCR in terms of purity and concentration. Also, the template needs to be devoid of any contaminating PCR inhibitors (e.g. EDTA). We recommend OriGene's 1st Strand cDNA Synthesis Kits (NP100041 and NP100042). The recommended amount of template for PCR is dependent upon the type of DNA used. The following should be considered when using genomic DNA and cDNA templates:

 cDNA: the optimal amount of cDNA to use in a single PCR is dependent upon the copy number of the target gene. We suggest using 100ng cDNA per reaction, however it may be necessary to vary this amount. To perform a two-step RT-PCR, we recommend using OriGene 1st Strand cDNA Synthesis Kits (NP100041 and NP100042) for reverse transcription of the purified RNA. For high yield and purity of RNA, use OriGene Total RNA Purification Kits (NP100026 and NP100027)

PCR controls: It is important to detect the presence of contaminating DNA that may affect the reliability of the data. Always include a no template control (NTC), replacing the template with PCR-grade water. When performing a two-step RT-PCR, set-up a no RT control as the NTC for the PCR.

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Procedure

Reaction mix composition: Prepare a PCR master mix. The volumes given below are based on a standard 25µl final reaction mix and can be scaled accordingly.

Reagent	Volume	Final concentration
2x SensiMix SYBR - No ROX	12.5µl	1x
10μM Primer Mix	1.0µl	400nM
H ₂ 0	Up to 22.5µl	-
Template	2.5µl	
Final volume	25 μ Ι	

Suggested thermal cycling conditions

PCR conditions described below are suitable for SensiMix SYBR Master Mix Kit for the majority of amplicons and real-time PCR instruments. However, the cycling conditions can be varied to suit customer or machine-specific protocols. The critical step of the PCR is the 10 minute initial activation at 95°C. The detection channel on the real-time instrument should be set to (SYBR) Green or FAM.

Standard 3-step cycling

Cycles	Temperature	Time	Notes
1	*95°C	*10min	Polymerase activation
	95°C	15s	
40	55-60°C	15s	Temp. depends on the Tm of primers
	72°C	15s	Acquire at end of step

2-step cycling

= otop cycling			
Cycles	Temperature	Time	Notes
1	*95°C	*10min	Polymerase activation
	95°C	15s	
40	60°C	30s	Acquire at end of step

^{*}Non-variable parameter

Optional analysis:

After the reaction has reached completion refer to the instrument instructions for the option of melt-profile analysis.

Troubleshooting Guide

Problem	Possible Cause	Recommendation	
	Activation time too short	Make sure SensiMix is activated for 10min at 95°C before cycling	
	Error in protocol setup	Verify that correct reagent concentrations, volumes, dilutions and storage conditions have been used	
	Suboptimal primer design	Use primer design software or validated primers. Test primers on a control template	
No amplification	Incorrect concentration of primers	Use primer concentration between 100nM and 1µM	
trace AND No product on agarose gel	Template degraded	Re-isolate your template from the sample material or use freshly prepared template dilution	
	Primers degraded	Use newly synthesized primers	
	Template contaminated with PCR inhibitors	Further dilute template before PCR or purify template and resuspend it in PCR-grade H ₂	
	Template concentration too low	Increase concentration used	
	Cycling conditions not optimal	Increase extension/annealing times, increase cycle number, reduce annealing temperature	
No amplification trace			
AND	Error in instrument setup	Check that the acquisition settings are correct during cycling	
Product on agarose gel			





Troubleshooting Guide (Continued)

Problem	Possible Cause	Recommendation	
Non-specific amplification product AND Primer-dimers	Suboptimal primer design	Redesign primers using appropriate software or use validated primers	
	Primer concentration too high	Test dilution series of primer concentrations until primer dimer/non-specific amplification products disappear	
	Primer concentration too low	Titrate primers in the concentration range of 100nM - 1µM	
	Primer annealing temperature too low	Increase PCR annealing temperature in increments of 2°C until primer dimer/non-specific amplification products disappear	
	Template concentration too low	Increase template concentration	
	Template concentration too high	Reduce template concentration until non-specific products disappear	
	Extension time too long	Reduce extension time to determine whether non-specific products are reduced	
	Activation time too short	Ensure the reaction is activated for 10min at 95°C before cycling	
	Annealing temperature too high	Decrease annealing temperature in steps of 2°C	
	Extension time too short	Double extension time to determine whether the cycle threshold $(C_{\scriptscriptstyle T})$ is affected	
Late amplification	Template concentration too low	Increase concentration if possible	
trace	Template with high secondary	Increase reverse transcription reaction time up to 30min	
	structure	Increase reverse transcription reaction temperature up to 45°C	
	Template is degraded	Re-isolate template from sample material or use freshly prepared template dilution	
	Suboptimal design of primers	Redesign primers using appropriate software or use validated primers	
	Primer concentration too low	Increase concentration of primer in 100nM increments	
DCD officional	Extension time is too short	Increase extension time	
PCR efficiency below 90%	Primer concentration too low	Increase concentration of primer in 100nM increments	
	Suboptimal design of primers	Redesign primers using appropriate software or use validated primers	
PCR efficiency above 110%	Template is degraded or contains PCR inhibitors	Re-isolate template from sample material or use freshly prepared template dilution or purify template and resuspend it in H ₂ O	
above 11070	Non specific amplification and/or primer dimers	Use melt analysis and 4% agarose gel electrophoresis to confirm presence of non-specific amplification products. See above for preventing/removing non-specific products	

TRADEMARK AND LICENSING INFORMATION

Trademarks:SYBR® (Molecular Probes), ROX[™], PRISM® (Applera Corporation), iCycler[™] MyiQ5[™], Opticon[™], Chromo4[™], Miniopticon[™], (Bio-Rad), LightCycler[™] (Roche), StepOne[™] (ABI), SmartCycler[™] (CEPheid), RotorGene[™] (Corbett), RealPlex[™] (Eppendorf), Quantica[™] (Techne), MX4000 (Stratagene).

Purchase of this product includes limited right to use the supplied amount of SYBR® Green I Stain patented by Molecular Probes, Inc.

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These reagents are provided for use in PCR. No licenses to third party patents in respect of melt-profile analysis are provided. Furthermore, melt-profile analysis may require a third-party license.

These reagents are manufactured by Bioline Reagents Ltd.